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## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Ministry of Education, Human Resource Development and Labour wishes to express its deepest gratitude to all who have made invaluable contributions to the development of this current curriculum document.

Special thanks to Dr. Anthony Felicien, Education Officer – CAMDU, for providing the necessary guidance and support, as well as training in the areas of curriculum writing and development processes.

Gratitude is also extended to Leonard Robinson, Curriculum Officer – Modern Languages, for putting together the Writing and Review Teams, and for his overall dedication to this project. Many thanks to Meuris Raymond and Cordelia Fevrier for their unwavering support and assistance in the validation of the content and the review of the document. Thanks and appreciation to Shervana Francois for her assistance in editing the document. Thanks as well to Mr. Germain Anthony for creating the Map of the French-speaking World.

Finally, sincerest gratitude is also extended to the members of Writing and Review Teams for their advice, support, commitment to task, useful recommendations and constructive critiques.

Members of the Writing and Review Teams are as follows:

# **Writing Team**

Agath Alphone La Croix Maingot Combined School
Berthelina Avril La Croix Maingot Combined School
Renia Cenac Vide Bouteille Secondary School

Jessima Cooper St. Joseph's Convent
Constance Fevrier St. Joseph's Convent
Delia Henry St. Joseph's Convent
Jeanine Henry Anse Ger Secondary School

Calixta Joseph Soufriere Primary School Finley Louis Plain View Combined School

Lesley Lubin Vieux-Fort Comprehensive Secondary School Campus B

Snaliah Mahal Marigot Secondary School

Laura Marcion Canon Laurie Anglican Primary School
Kasha Modeste Sir Ira Simmons Secondary School
Zaheer Popo Ave Maria Girls' Primary School

Merlika St. Marie La Croix Maingot Combined School

Priscilla Simon Desbarras Combined School
Sabina Sonson Monchy Combined School
Sarrah Stanislas Tapion Private School

Pamela Stephens Camille Henry Memorial School

Elda Gale Thornille Vieux-Fort Comprehensive Secondary School Campus A

Heidi-Ann Toussaint Micoud Secondary School

# **Review Team**

Francene Beharry St. Aloysius R.C. Boy's Primary School

Dr. Elphege Brown Entrepot Secondary School

Cuthbert Elisee Leon Hess Comprehensive Secondary School

Neema Fontenelle Bexon Primary School

Sarrah Gouda Alliance Française de Sainte-Lucie (student teacher)

Arletta Tracy Jacob Bonne Terre Preparatory School

Winnifred Calderon St. Mary's College

Josephine Myers Camille Henry Memorial School Amandine Quétel Alliance Française de Sainte-Lucie

#### INTRODUCTION

Currently, there is an absence of a clearly defined language policy which addresses the importance of our indigenous Saint Lucian Creole. The lack of such a policy to speak to the status, role and use of foreign language acquisition within the local context has hindered the stimulation of economic, social, educational and cultural growth across the various sectors. A consequence of this has been the nation's inability to successfully fill its quota of job placements at the United Nations.

The Government of Saint Lucia is endeavouring to restructure the education sector so that it will be better able to meet the ever increasing demands of the competitive global market. In this regard, the implementation of a modern foreign language curriculum in the primary school system is a matter of urgency. The introduction of the modern foreign languages will not only ensure the psychosocial development of the students, but also their socioeconomic development in the long run.

The signing of a number of agreements has served to officially institutionalise the teaching of modern foreign languages in the primary schools. The signing of the CARICOM agreement (2005) calls for the introduction of Spanish as the first foreign language to be taught in Caribbean primary schools. Further, the Linguistic Pact between Saint Lucia and the International Francophonie Organisation (OIF, 2010) also stipulates that French should be the first foreign language taught in Saint Lucian primary schools. At this juncture, due to its geopolitical affiliations, on the one hand, and, its historical and cultural affinities, on the other, the Government of Saint Lucia has made a concerted effort to honour both agreements.

As a result, the Curriculum and Materials Development Unit (CAMDU) of the Ministry of Education, at the behest of the policy makers, has responded through a consultative process to the call for the development of the Primary School Modern Languages Curriculum for Grades K – 6.

The Modern Languages programme will constitute part of the core primary curricula.

The main focus of this programme of study is to develop the students' capacity to communicate orally in a variety of authentic situations while having fun discovering the languages and their accompanying cultures. In so doing, it is the Government of Saint Lucia's fervent hope that it can sow the seeds of a multilingual future generation capable of taking advantage of the synergies created through globalisation.

## **RATIONALE**

As the world becomes a global village, it has become increasingly indispensable that St. Lucian nationals be fluent in at least one foreign language. The ability to communicate in a foreign language is a valuable and marketable skill which will stimulate economic, educational and cultural growth. It has become commonplace that our nationals take up scholarships to pursue university studies, and/or work in non-English-speaking nations including, but not limited to: Cuba, Mexico, France (including Martinique and Guadeloupe), Puerto Rico, China and Japan.

Consequently, in an attempt to better equip the future generations with the requisite linguistic skills and cultural understanding to be able to take advantage of the synergies created through globalisation, and to honour its contractual agreements with OIF and CARICOM, the Ministry of Education has undertaken an initiative to restructure the national core primary curricula to now include modern languages (French and Spanish).

The introduction of the modern languages at the primary level will not only serve to assist the children in fostering a greater appreciation of, tolerance for and openness to other peoples and cultures; but also, to enhance the children's overall mental development through increased language skills, higher self-esteem, and greater thinking and reasoning skills both in mathematics and language. According to Ronald Kotulak (1996), in his book entitled *Inside the Brain: Revolutionary discoveries of how the mind works*, the architecture of the brain is completed by age twelve. Therefore, it is vital that foreign language acquisition take place before this period as the foundations for thinking, learning, vision, attitudes, aptitudes and other characteristics are laid down.

With this in mind, the programme will be structured in such a way so as to capitalise on the emotional and playful aspects of learning in order to build the children's oral/aural skills. The proposed methodology is one which will allow the students to interact with each other, the language itself and its culture through a number of fun-filled games and activities as they consolidate their literacy and numeracy skills. The absence of the writing component in the modern languages curriculum seeks to capture the students' interest and motivate them to reach their potential without having to first contend with the issue of spelling in English and that of a foreign language.

## AIMS OF PROGRAMME

The Modern Languages Curriculum seeks to:

- Allow students to boost their morale and self-esteem;
- Develop a love for and an understanding of Francophone and Hispanic Cultures;
- Develop an understanding of standard spoken forms of French and Spanish;
- Develop their primary language skills in the modern languages listening and speaking in various practical every situations so as to ensure the acquisition of essential language structures;
- Engender a greater sense of tolerance, team-spirit and co-operation;
- Ensure consolidation of certain key concepts in numeracy and literacy through integration;
- Ensure that students are capable of communicating in a manner acceptable to native speakers of French and Spanish.

## **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

Upon completion of the Primary Modern Languages Programme, students should:

- Respond appropriately to simple oral stimuli in the target language;
- Be able to converse in French and/or Spanish on matters related to their daily lives;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others in the target language;
- Respect the diversity, dignity and equality of all peoples;
- Have a greater sense of appreciation for the cultural differences that exist between Francophone and Hispanic societies and their own;
- View the learning and acquisition of a foreign language as a tool for personal, social and intellectual development.

## RECOMMENDED TEACHING APPROACHES AND ASSESSMENT METHODS

The Primary Modern Languages Curriculum has been designed to develop the students' oral competencies in French and Spanish. Such an approach is a deviation from the usual integration of the four competencies: reading, writing, speaking and listening. The isolation of the oral component thus allows for the uninhibited development of this skill, leading to more confident speakers. Nonetheless, the success of such an approach is hinged on the teachers' linguistic competencies and their abilities to provide the students with a variety of real life situations and opportunities to practise the language concepts.

The entire thrust of the curriculum is effective communication in the target language, and not a grammar-based approach. It is therefore highly recommended that teachers use a wide range of fun-filled activities, including typical childhood games and songs, to aid the students' acquisition of the language functions. Within the framework of the proposed activities, teachers should attempt to include various elements of the cultures accompanying the target languages as a means of developing the students' self-awareness and tolerance for differences.

For the programme to generate positive results and to have a meaningful impact in the schools, it is highly recommended that <u>each</u> foreign language be allotted <u>two (2) weekly periods per grade</u>. This will permit teachers to consolidate the concepts taught in previous periods.

In an attempt to maintain the students' intrinsic motivation, the current programme recommends the use of more authentic assessment methods, including, but not limited to: portfolios, teacher observations, oral interviews, student self-assessment, and social learning activities. As a result, students will receive an evaluation card at the end of each term in the form of a checklist highlighting the concepts that they have mastered. **NO LETTER GRADES OR SCORES ARE TO BE RECORDED IN THE STUDENTS' REPORT BOOKS**. A simple qualitative comment will suffice.

# STANDARD PERIOD LENGTHS ACCORDING TO GRADE LEVEL

OF PERIOD
I

Kindergarten / Stage 1 20 minutes

Grade 1 / Stage 2 25 – 30 minutes Grade 2 / Stage 3 25 – 30 minutes

Grade 3 / Standard 1 25 – 30 minutes
Grade 4 / Standard 2 30 – 40 minutes
Grade 5 / Standard 3 30 – 40 minutes
Grade 6 / Standard 4 30 – 40 minutes

# GRADE LEVEL: KINDERGARTEN AGE RANGE: 5 – 6 YEARS

## **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

• Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish

#### KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others.

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities,
  - Show interest in words and sounds.

TERM ONE	TERM TWO	TERM THREE
Topics:	Topics:	Topics:
* Getting to know you and others	* Numbers o – 6	* Numbers 0 – 12
* Survival Skills	* Getting to know you and others (cont'd)	* Colours (cont'd)
	* Colours	* Survival Skills (cont'd)

## **THEMATIC AREAS**

**Psychosocial Development** – Making friends at school and in the community; developing respect and gratitude. Showing interest in others.

Cognitive Development-Identifying self, numbers, colours and personal needs.

**Ethical and Moral Development –** Showing respect for authority; developing self-control.

**Psychomotor Development –** Physical response to cues: using the body to respond to questions and orders in the target language with exercises, actions applause, drawing, etc.

Topic	Communicative Objectives	Key Concepts	FRENCH Content & Example	SPANISH Content & Example	Assessment/Evaluation Activities	Didactic Activities / Resources
Getting to	Greetings and	Good morning	Bonjour	Buenos días	Students will respond to	Repetition
know you	Farewells	Good afternoon	Bonsoir	Buenas tardes	greetings in the target	
and others		Goodnight		Buenas noches	language on a daily basis	Role Play
		Hello	Salut	Hola	when the teacher enters	
		Goodbye	Au revoir	Adiós	the class.	Songs
		Addressing	Maman	Mamá	Students look at pictures	Games
		different people	Papa	Papá	and identify the greeting	
			Madame	Señora	that they should use in	Pictures
			Mademoiselle	Señorita	the target language.	
			Monsieur	Señor		
					Students engage in a role	
			Ça va ?	¿Cómo están/está(s)?	play in pairs in which they	
			Ça va bien, merci.	Bien, gracias.	must greet their teacher /	
					parent / friend in the	
					target language.	
					Students sing a song	
					which includes the	
					greetings and farewells	
					in the target language.	
					Students can dip for	
					pictures or written	
					greetings in English and	
					say what the greeting is	
					in the target language.	
	Introductions	Exchanging	Comment tu t'appelles?	¿Cómo te llamas?	Students introduce	Repetition

		names			themselves to the class in	
		names	la maia manalla			Dummat Chau
			Je m'appelle	A	the target language	Puppet Show
				Me llamo		D 1 DI
					Students work in pairs	Role Play
					and ask each other their	
					names in the target	Ball Game: Catch
					language.	and say your
						name
					Students will play the ball	
					game "Catch and say	
					your name" in the target	
					language on the school	
					court/field.	
Survival	Responding to	Understanding	Asseyez-vous!	¡Siéntense!	Students identify the	Pictures
Skills	classroom	and carrying out	Écoutez!	¡Escuchen!	command portrayed in	
	instructions	simple classroom	Silence!	¡Silencio!	picture form.	Mime
		instructions.	Répétez!	¡Repitan!	•	
			•	•	Students carry out the	Games: Simon
					instruction(s) that the	says
					teachers says in the	,
					target language.	
					Students pay attention	
					to the gestures that the	
					teacher makes and they	
					identify it in the target	
					language.	
					1.0.184486.	
					Students will play	
					"Jacques a dit" / "Simón	
					dice"	
					dicc	
Numbers	Identifying	Names of	Les numéros o à 6	Los números o a 6	Students sing a number	Repetition

	1		T	T		
	numbers in the	numbers			song in the target	
	target language				language.	Song
	and counting					
	from 0 – 6				Students play a game of	Game: Hopscotch
					"La Marelle" / "La	•
					Rayuela" to practice	Flashcards /
					counting in the target	Posters
					language.	
					Students identify the	
					numeral on flashcard /	
					chart / blackboard in the	
					target language as the	
					teacher points to it.	
					Power Power	
					Students identify the	
					number represented by a	
					group of objects in the	
					target language.	
					Ct., danta	
					Students complete	
					number sequences orally	
					in the target language.	
Getting to	Telling one's	Exchanging	Tu as quel âge?	¿Cuántos años tienes?	Students choose a	Repetition
know you	age	information			classmate at random and	
and others		about one's age	J'ai ans	Tengo años	enquire about his/her age	Question &
					in the target language.	Answer Games
					Once that student has	
					answered the question,	
					he/she will ask another	
					classmate until all the	
6.1	11 (6.5 )	DI.	DI C	<u> </u>	students have had a turn.	D 1:1:
Colours	Identifying the	Blue	Bleu	Azul	Students will name the	Repetition

	colours of the	Black	Noir	Negro	colours found on the	1
	National Flag	White	Blanc O	Blanco	national flag of Saint	Colour cards
		Yellow	Jaune	Amarillo	Lucia in the target	
					language.	Worksheet
		What colour is	C'est quelle couleur	? ¿Qué color es?		
		this?			Students identify the	Colour Bingo
					colour depicted on a card	Game: Guess the
		This is yellow.	C'est jaune.	Es amarillo.	/ poster in the target	colour
					language.	
						Pictures
					Students complete	
					colour by number	Ludo board, pegs
					worksheets. (N.B.: the	and dice
					colours and numbers will	
					be identified in the target	
					language).	
					Ctudents plants games of	
					Students play a game of	
					colour bingo in the target language for which a	
					prize can be awarded.	
					prize can be awarded.	
					Students identify the	
					colour an uncoloured	
					object should be. (NB:	
					These pictures can be	
					labelled in English. E.g. :	
					milk, tyre, sun, sea)	
					Students play a game of	
					Ludo using the national	
					colours.	
Numbers	Identifying	Review numbers	Les numéros o à 12	Los números o a 12	Students identify	Repetition
	numbers and	0 – 6			numbers portrayed on a	

	counting from o				card / poster in the target	Card / poster
	- 12	Names numbers			language.	ca. a / poster
		from 7 – 12			ianguage.	Skipping rope
		,			Students complete	3111911181191
					number sequences orally	Game
					in the target language.	
					the target language.	
					Students count in the	
					target language as they	
					skip / play a simple	
					clapping game.	
					Consecutive students will	
					count in intervals of	
					twelve in the target	
					language until each	
					student has counted.	
					After, students will	
					assemble by number	
					groups as quickly as	
					possible. The quickest	
					group will be awarded a	
					prize.	
					Students will make a	
					number train in intervals	
					of twelve as they sing a	
					number song in the	
					target language.	
C-1	1-1	Di-l-	D	 Dd-	Cr., danska milli	Domostition
Colours	Identifying	Pink	Rose	Rosado O	Students will create	Repetition
	other common	Red	Rouge	Rojo —	colour wheels and	Come
	colours	Green	Vert	Verde Violeta	identify the colours in the	Song
		Purple	Violet	Violeta 🔵	target language.	

		Orange	Orange	Anaranjado 👝		Worksheets
		Brown	Marron	Marrón	Students will complete a	
					colour by number	Colour Bingo
					worksheet. <b>N.B.</b> Colours	
		What colour is	C'est quelle couleur?	¿Qué color es?	and numbers will be	
		this?			identified in the target	
					language.	
		This is	C'est	Es		
					Students can match	
					common objects to their	
					typical colours. <b>N.B:</b> Once	
					the task is completed,	
					the students will name	
					the matching objects in	
					English and their colour	
					in the target language as	
					the oral component of	
					this task.	
					Students identify colours	
					in the target language	
					shown on cards/posters.	
					Students play a game of	
					colour bingo in the target	
					language including the	
					numbers 0 – 12.	
Survival	Expressing	Hunger	J'ai faim, monsieur /	Tengo hambre, señor /	Students identify the set	Repetition
Skills	basic needs		papa	papá	expression in the target	-
(cont'd)					language portrayed in a	Picture / Drawing
		Thirst	J'ai soif, madame /	Tengo sed, señora /	picture / drawing.	
			maman	mamá.	_	Charades/Mime
					Students dip for the set	

Asking for water	De l'eau, s'il vous plaît,	Quiero agua, por favor,	expression in English. Role Play	
	mademoiselle.	señorita.	Then, they act out the	
			expression so that they	
Asking to go to	Je peux aller aux	¿Puedo ir al baño, por	can identify it in the	
the bathroom	toilettes, s'il vous plaît,	favor, señora?	target language.	
	madame ?			
			Students role play in	
Please	S'il vous plaît	Por favor	pairs a scene with a	
Yes	Oui	Sí	teacher and student /	
No	Non	No	parent and child using	
Thank you	Merci	Gracias	one of the set	
			expressions in the target	
			language. The student	
			playing the role of the	
			teacher/parent will allow	
			/ forbid the action.	

GRADE LEVEL: GRADE ONE AGE RANGE: 6 – 7 YEARS

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

• Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish.

#### **KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING**

- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others.

## **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

## **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities;
  - Show interest in words and sounds.
- Take risks in learning as a learner of French and Spanish
  - Attempt to use recently learnt words in context.

TERM ONE	TERM TWO	TERM THREE
Topics:	Topics:	Topics:
* Greetings and farewells (cont'd)	* Shapes	* Family
* Stating where one lives	* Classroom objects	* Parts of the body
* Making Friends	* Describing and working with objects	* Survival Skills (cont'd)
* Numbers o – 20		, ,

#### THEMATIC AREAS

**Psychosocial Development –** Making friends at school and in the community; showing interest in others.

Cognitive Development – Identifying self, family members, shapes, body parts and classroom objects. Solving mathematical operations.

Ethical and Moral Development – Showing kindness to others; developing a sense of appreciation for others; consideration of others.

Psychomotor Development – Physical responses to cues: using the body to describe and explain, to respond to questions and orders in the target language with exercises, actions, drawings, applause, etc.

Topic	Communicative Objectives	Key Concepts	FRENCH Content & Example	SPANISH Content & Example	Assessment/Evaluation Activities	Didactic Activities / Resources
Greetings and	Alternative farewells	Goodbye	Tchao / Salut	Chao	Students dip for an expression in English and	Repetition
Farewells		See you later	À plus (tard)	Hasta luego	say it in the target language.	Bag with expressions
		See you tomorrow	À demain	Hasta mañana	Students respond to simple oral situations	written on strips of paper
		See you soon	À bientôt	Hasta pronto	where they are to give the answer in the target language.	
Stating where one	Exchanging information	Address	Tu habites où?	¿Dónde vives?	Students interview a classmate in the target	-
lives	about one's place of dwelling		J'habite (à)	Vivo en	language to find out where he/she lives.	
Making	Review name,	-	Comment tu t'appelles?	¿Cómo te llamas?	In pairs, students	Model activity
Friends	age, address		Je m'appelle	Me llamo	practise asking a classmate to be friends /	with a puppet
			Tu as quel âge?		to play as well as giving	
			J'ai ans	¿Cuántos años tienes? Tengo años	the possible responses in the target language.	Fruit / Sweets
			Tu habites où?			
			J'habite (à)	¿Dónde vives? Vivo en	Students will create a mini-dialogue in the	

	Alternative ways of asking someone's name	-	Toi, c'est qui?  Moi, c'est  Je suis	¿Cuál es tu nombre? / Mi nombre es ¿Quién eres? Soy	target language in which they meet a student on the first day of school in which they exchange	
	Asking someone to be your friend / to	-	On est ami(e)s?	¿Somos amigos / amigas?	personal information and invite the person to be their friend or to play.	
	play		Tu veux jouer?  Oui D'accord Mais oui	¿Quieres jugar? Sí Claro Cómo no	Students are given four sweets/ fruit slices. For the first three sweets, they are to provide one piece of personal information in the target language (name, age, address). The fourth sweet is used to invite a classmate to be a friend / to play in the target language. They get to eat a sweet for every correct response.	
Numbers	Identifying numbers and counting from 0 – 20	Review numbers 0 – 12 Names numbers from 13 – 20	Les numéros o à 20 C'est quel numéro? Deux!	Los números o a 20 ¿Qué número es? ¡Dos!	Students identify, in the target language, the number written on a card / poster.  Students play a game of spin the bottle in groups of four. When the bottle points to the student, the group members call a	Repetition  Card / Poster  Bottle  Worksheet

	Carrying basic operations with numbers	Addition Subtraction	+ et / plus - moins	+ y/más - menos	he/she has to say it in target language.  Students have a worksheet with five series containing two numbers each. The teacher will call one number per series in the target language and the students circle the one that is called from each series.  Students listen to simple mathematical sums and give the response in the target language.  Students will make up their own sums and will ask a classmate to provide the answer in the target language.	-
Shapes	Identifying basic shapes	Circle	Un cercle	Un círculo	Students identify shapes on a flashcard or drawn on the board in the	Repetition Paper / Play
		Triangle	Un triangle	Un triángulo	target language. Students make shapes	dough / Plasticine
		Square	Un carré	Un cuadrado	out of paper/ play dough/ plasticine as the teacher names each shape in the	Worksheets Cut outs of

		Rectangle	Un rectangle	Un rectángulo	target language.	shapes
	Counting how many sides a shape has	Consolidation of: - numbers; - shapes	Un rectangle a quatre côtés. (etc.)	Un rectángulo tiene cuatro lados. (etc.)	Students are split into four large groups. Each group will form the shape it hears in the target language. The group with the most correct formations will earn a prize.	
					Students find hidden shapes in a picture. Then they colour each shape in a colour stipulated by the teacher. <b>N.B.:</b> Shapes and colours can be identified in the target language.	
					Students count the sides of shape cut-outs in the target language.	
Classroom Objects	Identifying everyday classroom objects	What is this?  It is A pencil An exercise book	Qu'est-ce que c'est?  C'est  Un crayon  Un cahier	¿Qué es esto? Es Un lápiz Un cuaderno	Students identify the objects in the target language when shown a picture or the physical object.  N.B.: This activity should	Repetition  Pictures / Physical objects
		An eraser A ruler	Une gomme Une règle	Una goma Una regla	be repeated as often as possible to help students retain the vocabulary. Students can be given a few seconds to identify	

Describing and working with objects	Using shapes to describe classroom objects.	Review: - classroom objects - shapes	Un pupitre est un carré. Une règle est un rectangle.	Un pupitre es un cuadrado. Una regla es un rectángulo.	each object in the target language.  Students name the basic objects they have in their bag / they see in the classroom in the target language.  Students identify classroom objects by their shape in the target language.	Physical objects Worksheet
			Une pendule est un cercle.	Un reloj es un círculo.	Students count how many objects in the class are of a particular shape. They identify the object and the number in the target language. (Example: square – 2)  Students choose a pathway with a particular shape leading to a classroom object identified on the worksheet. N.B. The teacher names the shape and the object in the target language.	
Family	Identifying the members of the	Family	<b>Ma</b> Famille	<b>Mi</b> familia	Students interview a peer in the target	Repetition

ſ		immediate	Father	<b>Un</b> père	<b>Un</b> padre	language to find out how	Video clip /
١				<b>Une</b> mère	Una madre	0 0	• •
١		family	Mother			many brothers/sisters	song
			Brother	<b>Un</b> frère	<b>Un</b> hermano	he/she has.	
			Sister	<b>Une</b> sœur	<b>Una</b> hermana		Pictures
						Students watch a short	
		Determinants	Consolidation	Tu as des frères ou des	¿Tienes hermanos o	clip in the target	
		(indefinite,	of numbers	sœurs?	hermanas?	language about the	
		numeric,				family or sing a song on	
		possessive)		Oui, j'ai <b>un</b> frère / <b>une</b>	Sí, tengo <b>un</b> hermano /	the same topic.	
				sœur / <b>deux</b> frères	una hermana / dos		
					hermanos	Students use	
						photographs to present	
				Non, je suis enfant	No, soy hijo único / hija	their family to the class in	
				unique.	única	the target language.	
				C'est qui ?	¿Quién es?		
				C'est mon père / ma	Es <b>mi</b> papá / mamá		
				mère			
Ì	The Body	Identifying	Eyes	Les yeux	Los ojos	Students point to the	Repetition
		body parts	Nose	Le nez	La nariz	body parts as the teacher	
		(Face)	Mouth	La bouche	La boca	names them in the target	Realia
			Ears	Les oreilles	Las orejas	language.	
			Chin	Le menton	El mentón		Game: Simon
						Students name the body	says
						parts in the target	ĺ
						language as the teacher	
						points to them.	
						points to them.	
						Students play "Jacques a	
						dit: - touche les yeux" /	
						"Simon dice: - toca los	
						ojos"	
						0,03	
L							

Survival	Expressing	I am hot	J'ai chaud	Tengo calor	Students decode the	Repetition
Skills	basic	I am cold	J'ai froid	Tengo frío	message in the target	
(cont'd)	information	I don't know	Je ne sais pas	No sé	language conveyed by	Emoticons
		I don't	Je ne comprends pas	No comprendo	the emoticons.	
		understand				Charades
		I have finished/	J'ai fini	He terminado	Students make gestures /	
		I'm done			facial expressions depict	
					the expressions	
					identified in the target	
					language.	

GRADE LEVEL: GRADE TWO AGE RANGE: 7 – 8 YEARS

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

• Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish.

#### **KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING**

- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others.

# **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

# **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities;
  - Show interest in words and sounds.
- Take risks in learning as a learner of French and Spanish
  - Attempt to use recently learnt words in context;
  - Use prior knowledge in a new context.

TERM ONE	TERM TWO	TERM THREE
Topics:	Topics:	Topics:
* Alphabet	* Operation with numbers (cont'd)	* Body Parts
* Days of the week	* Family (cont'd)	* My body in action
* Months of the year	* Home	
* Numbers 0 – 31		
* Date		

## THEMATIC AREAS

**Psychosocial Development –** Learning to share information with others.

**Cognitive Development –** Identifying family members; stating the date; discussing the body and actions.

**Ethical and Moral Development –** Showing respect for authority; understanding one's body.

**Psychomotor Development –** Physical responses to cues: using the body to describe and explain, to respond to questions and orders in the target language with exercises, actions, drawings, applause, etc.

Topic	Communicative Objectives	Key Concepts	FRENCH Content & Example	SPANISH Content & Example	Assessment/Evaluation Activities	Didactic Activities / Resources
Alphabet	Reciting alphabet and identifying the	Alphabet	L'alphabet	El alfabeto / El abecedario	Students recite the alphabet in the target language.	Repetition Song
	letters	What letter is this?	C'est quelle lettre?	¿Qué letra es?	Students have a worksheet with fifteen	Poster / Chart
	Asking how to spell each other's name	How do you spell your first name	Comment ça s'écrit ton prénom / ton nom de famille ?	¿Cómo se escribe tu nombre / tu apellido?	series containing one letter in different colours. The teacher will	Worksheet Bingo cards
	other smalle	/surname?	OU Comment ça s'écrit	O ¿Cómo se escribe	call the <b>letter and colour</b> in the target language	Game :
			Martin / Dubois ?	Martín / García?	for each series and the students circle the one that is called.	Alphabet Sparkle
					Students ask their classmates to spell either their first name or	
					surname in the target language.	

Days of the Week	Naming the days of the week	Is today?  Yesterday  Tomorrow	Les jours de la semaine  C'est lundi, aujourd'hui? Oui, c'est lundi. Non, c'est mardi.  Et hier? Dimanche.  Et demain? Mardi.	Los días de la semana ¿Hoy es lunes? Sí, es lunes. No, es martes. Y, ¿ayer? Domingo. Y, ¿mañana? Martes.	Students play a game of BINGO in the target language.  Students look at drawings of various activities and identify the day, in the target language, that each activity is done.  Students answer questions or ally in the target language about the days of the week.	Repetition Pictures/ Drawings Song
Months of the Year	Naming the months of the year	What month are we in?	Les mois de l'année  Nous sommes en quel mois?  Nous sommes en octobre.	Los meses del año ¿En qué mes estamos? Estamos en octubre.	Students identify the missing months in a series orally in the target language.  Students identify the month, in the target language, associated with various local cultural activities and/or known international feasts.	Repetition
Numbers	Identifying numbers and	Review numbers o –	C'est quel numéro? Vingt-cinq!	¿Qué número es? ¡Veinticinco!	Students identify the number, in the target	Repetition

	counting from o	20			language, written on a	Card/Poster
	<b>-</b> 31				card / poster.	
		Names				Worksheet
		numbers from			Students have a	
		21 – 31			worksheet with five	Game:
					series containing two	"Silence"
					numbers each. The teacher will call <b>one</b>	
					teacher will call <b>one</b> number per series in the	
					target language and the	
					students circle the one	
					that is called from each	
					series.	
					Students complete	
					number sequences orally	
					in the target language.	
					Students play the	
					clapping game "Silence".	
					However, they must say each number in the	
					target language.	
					target lariguage.	
Date	Enquiring about	What is	Nous sommes quelle	¿A cuántos estamos	Students state the dates	Repetition/
	the date	today's date?	date? / Quelle est la	(hoy)? / ¿Qué fecha es	identified on a calendar	Modelling
		-	date (d') aujourd'hui?	hoy?	in the target language.	
						Calendar
		Today is	Nous sommes (lundi)	Estamos a (lunes)	Students work in pairs	
			le /	de/	and ask each to state	
			Aujourd'hui, c'est	Hoy es (lunes) el de	different dates in the	
			(lundi) le	•••	target language.	
					Students state the date	

					of various activities identified in English in the target language.	
Numbers (cont'd)	Performing operations with numbers	Consolidation of: Addition Subtraction	+ et / plus - moins	+ y / más - menos	Students listen to simple mathematical sums and give the response in the target language.  Students will make up their own sums and will ask a classmate to provide the answer in the target language.	-
Family (cont'd)	Identifying some members of the extended family  Possessive determinant	Who is it? This is my Grandfather Grandmother Uncle Aunt Cousin Stepfather Stepmother	C'est qui?  C'est  mon grand-père  ma grand-mère  mon oncle  ma tante  mon cousin /  ma cousine  mon beau-père  ma belle-mère	¿Quién es?  Es  mi abuelo  mi abuela  mi tío  mi tía  mi primo  mi prima  mi padrastro  mi madrastra	Students provide orally the equivalent in the target language of the family member mentioned in English. They may be given a few seconds for this.  Students introduce their family members to the class in the target language using pictures/drawings.  Students have five series of two pictures and choose the picture which portrays the family member identified in the	Repetition  Pictures / Drawings  Puppet Show  Song  Listening comprehension

					target language in each	
					series.	
Home	Enquiring about	House	<b>une</b> maison	<b>una</b> casa	Students participate in a	Repetition
	each other's	Apartment	<b>un</b> appartement	<b>un</b> apartamento	question and answer	
	dwelling place				session in the target	Pictures /
			Tu habites (dans) une	¿Vives en una casa o en	language on their type of	Drawing
			maison ou (dans) un	un apartamento?	dwelling.	
			appartement ?			Play dough
					Students engage in a	
			J'habite (dans) <b>une</b>	Vivo en <b>una</b> casa / en	role play in which they	Song / Video
			maison / (dans) <b>un</b>	<b>un</b> apartamento	introduce themselves	Clip
			appartement.		(name, age address) and	
					exchange information	Listening
	Stating who	Review	Avec qui habites-tu?	¿Con quién vives?	about the type of	comprehension
	one lives with	members of			dwelling and whom they	
		the family	J'habite avec ma mère,	Vivo con mi mamá, mi	live with in the target	Worksheet
			mon frère et ma grand-	hermano y mi abuela.	language.	Dala mlav
		The beauties	mère.	1	Students create models	Role play
	Identifying the	The house	La maison	La casa	Students create models of their homes in play	Charades
	parts of the house	What is this?	Qu'est-ce que c'est?	¿Qué es (esto)?	dough and present it to	Cilarades
	nouse	This is a	C'est	Es	the class orally in the	
		bedroom	une chambre	<b>un</b> dormitorio	target language.	
		bathroom	une salle de bains	<b>un</b> baño	(Modification: Students	
		toilet	des toilettes	<b>un</b> baño <b>un</b> baño	can draw instead of	
		kitchen	une cuisine	una cocina	using play dough).	
		living room	<b>un</b> salon / <b>un</b> séjour	un salón / una sala		
		dining room	une salle à manger	<b>un</b> comedor	Students listen to a short	
		garage	<b>un</b> garage	<b>un</b> garaje	passage in the target	
		garden	<b>un</b> jardin	<b>un</b> jardín	language and answer	
			,	,	questions based on it in	
	Enquiring about	How many	Il y a combien de	¿Cuántas habitaciones	English on their answer	
	the number of	rooms are	pièces chez toi / à la	hay en tu casa?	sheet.	

rooms in a	there at your	maison?			
house /	home?			Students orally identify	
apartment				in the target language	
	There are	Il y a cinq pièces (chez	Hay cinco	the various parts of the	
		moi): une chambre, un	habitaciones: un	house seen in pictorial	
		salon, une salle à	dormitorio, un salón,	form.	
		manger, une salle de	un comedor, un baño y		
		bains et une cuisine.	una cocina.	Students perform	
				different actions	
		Tu as un jardin chez toi	¿Tienes un jardín en	associated with various	
		/ à la maison ?	casa?	rooms of the house and	
				the class has to identify	
		Oui, j'ai un jardin.	Sí, tengo un jardín.	the room in the target	
		Non, j'ai un garage.	No, tengo un garaje.	language.	
				Students transform	
				sections of the class into	
				different rooms in the	
				house and give their	
				peers a tour identifying	
				the rooms in the target	
				language.	
				Students have a	
				worksheet with five	
				series containing two	
				pictures each of the	
				parts of the house. The	
				teacher will call <b>one</b>	
				room/part of the house	
				per series in the target	
				language and the	
				students circle the one	
				that is called from each	

					series.  Students exchange information orally in the target language about the number of rooms at their homes.	
Body Parts	Identifying body	Review of	Révision :	Repaso:	Students identify the	Repetition/
(cont'd)	parts	body parts	Les yeux, le nez, la	Los ojos, la nariz, la	parts of the body on a	Modelling
		(face)	bouche, les oreilles, le	boca, las orejas, el	chart / poster in the	6
			menton	mentón	target language.	Song: Head Shoulders,
		Name other	Le corps	El cuerpo	Students mime an action	Knees and Toes
		body parts Head	l <b>a</b> tête	l <b>a</b> cabeza	done with a body part and the class names the	Chart/poster
		Hair	les cheveux	<b>el</b> pelo	body part in the target	Chart/poster
		Teeth	les dents	los dientes	language.	Mime /
		Shoulder	l'épaule	el hombro	language.	Charades
		Arm	le bras	el brazo	Students carry out the	Characes
		Hand	<b>la</b> main	la mano	command given in the	Game: Simon
		Finger	<b>le</b> doigt	<b>el</b> dedo	target language to touch	says
		Belly	<b>le</b> ventre	<b>la</b> barriga	specific body parts.	,
		Leg	<b>la</b> jambe	<b>la</b> pierna		Listening
		Knee	<b>le</b> genou	<b>la</b> rodilla	Students participate in a	comprehension
		Foot	<b>le</b> pied	<b>el</b> pie	game of "Jacques a dit"	
		Toes	les orteils	los dedos (del pie)	/ "Simón dice"	
	Understanding	Carry out	Bouge Bougez	Muévete Muévanse	Students have five series	
	simple	simple	Touche Touchez	Toca Toquen	of three pictures and	
	commands	commands	Saute Sautez	Salta Salten	they circle the body part	
	showing		Parle Parlez	Habla Hablen	named in the target	
	movement		Marche Marchez	Camina Caminen	language in each series.	

Stating what	Identifying	Je touche avec la main.	Toco con la mano.	Students have five series	Repetition/
actions are	actions that			of two pictures and they	Modelling
done with	correspond	J'écris avec la main.		circle the body part that	_
different body	with body		Escribo con la mano.	corresponds to the	Listening
parts	parts	Je mange avec la		action mentioned in the	comprehension
		bouche.	Como con la boca.	target language for each	
				series of pictures.	Worksheet
		Je parle avec la			
		bouche.	Hablo con la boca.	Students match	
				drawings of the body	
		Je bois avec la bouche.		part and the actions	
			Bebo con la boca.	done. Then they can	
		Je vois avec les yeux.		make a short sentence	
				orally in the target	
		Je marche avec les	Veo con los ojos.	language.	
		pieds.			
			Camino con los pies.		
		Je saute avec les			
		jambes.			
			Salto con las piernas.		

# GRADE LEVEL: GRADE THREE AGE RANGE: 8 – 9 YEARS

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish;
- Appreciate the learning of French and Spanish as a tool for personal, social and intellectual development.

#### **KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING**

- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others;
- Communicate orally in French and Spanish on matters directly related to their daily lives.

# **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities;
  - Show interest in words and sounds.
- Take risks in learning as a learner of French and Spanish
  - Attempt to use recently learnt words in context;
  - Use prior knowledge in a new context;
  - Use different means of making oneself understood (gestures, movement, etc.).

TERM ONE	TERM TWO	TERM THREE
Topics:	Topics:	Topics:
* Survival Skills (Cont'd)	* Foods	*Animals in the Neighbourhood
* Numbers (cont'd)	* Time	
* Discussing birthdays		

* Expressing Holiday Wishes	

## THEMATIC AREAS

**Psychosocial Development –** Sharing responsibilities; celebrating together.

**Cognitive Development –** Identifying and describing animals and routines; expressing simple wishes.

**Ethical and Moral Development –** Developing a sense of appreciation for their environment and routines.

**Psychomotor Development –** Physical response to cues given in the target language with drawings, actions, etc.

Topic	Communicative	Key	FRENCH	SPANISH	Assessment/Evaluation	Didactic
	Objectives	Concepts	Content & Example	Content & Example	Activities	Resources
Survival	Understanding	Look	Regardez	Miren	Students decode	Repetition
Skills	and carrying out	Cut Out	Découpez	Recorten	instructions portrayed in	
(cont'd)	simple	Circle	Entourez	Rodeen con un círculo	pictures in the target	Pictures
	classroom	Colour	Coloriez	Coloreen	language.	
	instructions	Stick	Collez	Peguen		Worksheets
		Draw	Dessinez	Dibujen	Students carry out	
		Trace	Décalquez	Calquen	instructions in the target	Scissors
					language on various	
					worksheets containing	Crayons /
					instructions to colour /	Markers
					circle / cut out various	
					objects.	Role Play
					In groups of three or	
					more, students role play	says
					a scene with a teacher	
					giving instructions to	
					his/her class in the target	
					language.	
					Students play a game of	
					"Jacques a dit" / "Simón	
					dice".	

			1	T	1	T
Numbers	Identifying	Review	Les numéros o à 50	Los números o a 50	Students identify the	Repetition
	numbers and	numbers o			number written on a	
	counting from o	- 31	C'est quel numéro?	¿Qué número es?	card / poster in the	Card/Poster
	<b>-</b> 50		Trente-neuf!	¡Treinta y nueve!	target language.	
		Name				Worksheet
		numbers 32			Students have a	
		- 50			worksheet with fifteen	Game: "Silence"
					series containing two	
					numbers each. The	Basketball court /
					teacher will call <b>one</b>	football field
					number per series in the	
					target language and the	
					students circle the one	
					that is called from each	
					series.	
					Students complete	
					number sequences orally	
					in the target language.	
					Students play the	
					clapping game "Silence".	
					However, they must say	
					each number in the	
					target language.	
					3 - 3	
					Students are put into	
					groups. Each group will	
					be given approximately 5	
					minutes to make as	
					many baskets as	
					possible. Students must	
					count each basket in the	
					target language. (This	
					Laiger lailguage. (IIIIS	

					activity can be modified: e.g., how many goals can be scored in 5 minutes).	
Discussing Birthdays	Exchanging birthday information	When is your birthday?	C'est quand, ton anniversaire?	¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños?	Students create a classroom birthday calendar. To do so, they must enquire about each	Repetition/ Modelling Chart / Calendar
		My birthday is	Mon anniversaire, c'est le	Mi cumpleaños es el de	other's birthday in the target language and write the students' names on a chart / calendar by the appropriate dates.  Students work in pairs and prepare a simple dialogue in the target language in which they exchange personal information: name, age, address and birthday.	Role Play
	Wishing someone a happy birthday	Happy Birthday!	Bon anniversaire! / Joyeux anniversaire!	¡Cumpleaños feliz! / ¡Feliz cumpleaños!	Students wish each other happy birthday in the target language whenever a classmate celebrate his/her birthday.  Students can create a simple happy birthday card/collage for their friend / relative in the	Repetition/ Modelling Birthday song  Crayons Paper Scissors

					target language.	Glue
	Inviting someone to your birthday party	Come to my party	Viens à ma boum / fête!/Tu veux venir à ma boum?	Te invito a mi fiesta. / ¿Quieres ir a mi fiesta?	In pairs, students will, in the target language, invite a friend to their birthday party and the friend will either accept	Repetition/ Modelling Puppet Show
	Accepting / Declining an	Sure. Thanks.	D'accord. Merci.	De acuerdo. Gracias.	or decline the invitation.	Role Play
	invitation	Certainly!	Mais oui!	¡Cómo no!	In pairs, students engage in role play, in the target language, in which one	Video Clip / Song
		No, thanks.	Non merci.	No gracias.	plays the role of a new student who is	
		Sorry, I can't	Désolé(e)	Lo siento, no puedo.	celebrating his/her birthday. The other student must wish the new student happy birthday. The new student then invites him/her to his party and the student will accept/decline the invitation.	
Holiday Wishes	Expressing simple holiday wishes	Merry Christmas	Joyeux Noël!/ Bon Noël!	¡Feliz Navidad!	Students create simple Christmas and New Years cards / collages for	Crayons Paper Scissors
		Happy New Year	Bonne Année!	¡Feliz Año Nuevo!	their friends / teacher / relative in the target language.	Glue
					Students wish each other orally Merry Christmas and Happy	Repetition

					New Year in the target language.	
Foods	Identifying and naming foods	Food Vocabulary Asking and	Fruits Légumes Produits Laitiers Boissons  Qu'est-ce que tu	Frutas Legumbres Productos lácteos Bebidas ¿Qué comes / bebes?	Students name the food they see on pictures / flashcards in the target language.  Students draw foods that the teacher calls out	Repetition  Pictures / flashcards  Paper Pencil
		saying what one eats	manges / bois?		in the target language.	Realia
		and drinks	Je mange du / de la / des	Como	Students create a shop with different foods and identify two or three	Play dough
			Je bois du / de la / des	Bebo	foods they want in the target language (Example: water, bread, cheese).	Worksheet Song / Video
					Students prepare a table with five foods and/or drinks they eat/drink at a party. Then name each item in the target language.	
					Students create a meal out of play dough and present it to the class in the target language.  In groups, students conduct a mini-survey to	

					determine what food each member eats and drinks. Then, they say the food and state how many people in their group eat/drink it in the	
					target language. (Example: Juice – 4, etc.)	
					Students have ten series of two pictures. First they circle the foods/drinks the teacher calls. Then, they will put the foods that are not circled in the colours specified by the teacher in the target language.  Students can create a simple jingle about the foods they eat/drink in the target language.	
Time	Telling time on the hour	What time is it?	Quelle heure est-il? / Il est quelle heure?	¿Qué hora es?	Students create paper clocks and ask their nearest classmate the	Repetition/ Modelling
		It is	Il est midi. Il est deux heures.	Es mediodía. Son las dos.	time displayed on the clock in the target language. (N.B.: Instructions for making the clocks can be given in the target language).	Paper clocks (Paper, scissors, glue) Worksheets

						Flashcards
					Students identify the	
					time displayed on the	Game: Mr. Wolf
					various clocks printed on	
					their worksheet / on	
					flashcards in the target	
					language.	
					Students play "Monsieur	
					Loup" / "Señor Lobo".	
					Loup / Series Lobe :	
	Identifying meal	Breakfast	Le petit-déjeuner est à	El desayuno es a las	Students state the times	Repetition/
	times		heures.		of the various meals in	Modelling
					the target language.	
		Lunch	Le déjeuner est à	El almuerzo es a las		
			heures.		Students identify the	Pictures
					meal portrayed in the	
		Dinner	Le dîner est à	La cena es a las	picture form orally in the	
			heures.		target language.	
Animals in	Identifying and		Les animaux	Los animales	Students name the	Repetition/
the	naming animals		domestiques	domésticos	animals in picture form	Modelling
Neighbour-	in our		•		in the target language.	
hood	environment	What	Qu'est-ce que c'est?	¿Qué es (esto)?		Pictures
		animal is			Students draw the	
		this?			animals the teacher calls	Paper & Pencil
					out in the target	
		It is a	C'est un / une	Es un / una	language.	Worksheet &
						crayons /
		Is it a cat?	C'est un chat?	¿Es un gato?	Students put the animals	markers
					on the worksheet	
		Yes, it is a	Oui, c'est un chat.	Sí, es un gato.	provided in the colours	Song: Old Mac
		cat.			specified by the teacher	Donald
					in the target language.	

	No, it is a	Non, c'est un chien.	No, es un perro.		Play dough
	dog.			Students create replicas	
				of the animals they have	Paper, Bristol
	Do you	Tu as un cheval?	¿Tienes un caballo?	at home / they would like	board, scissors,
	have a			to have in play dough	crayons/markers,
	horse?			and present them to the	glue, pencil, etc.
				class in the target	
	Yes, I have a	Oui, j'ai un cheval.	Sí, tengo un caballo.	language.	
	horse	,,	, ,		Worksheet &
				Students mimic animals	Pencil
	No, I have a	Non, j'ai une vache.	No, tengo una vaca.	sounds / activities and	
	cow		, 8	the class must name the	Recordings of
				animal in the target	animal sounds.
Characterising	Review of			language. (N.B.: They	
and	colours			can create animal	
distinguishing				costumes out of Bristol	
familiar animals	Is the pig	Le cochon est rose?	¿El cerdo es rosado?	board, paper, glues and	
	pink?			bits of cloth.	
	'			Instructions are given in	
	Yes, pink.	Oui, rose.	Sí, rosado.	the target language.)	
	''	,			
	No, black.	Non, noir.	No, negro.	Students have 5 series of	
		,		three pictures portraying	
	What	Quel animal fait <u>bêê</u> ?	¿Qué animal hace <u>bee</u> ?	animal habitats.	
	animal says			Students circle the	
	baa?			habitat of the	
				corresponding habitat	
	A sheep.	Un mouton	Una oveja	for the animal identified	
	'			by the teacher in the	
				target language for each	
				series of pictures.	
				,	
				Students listen to	
				animals sounds and	

		identify the animal in the target language.	
		Students sing Le Vieux MacDonald a une ferme /	
		La Granja del Viejo MacDonald and create a	
		verse with an animal and its sound in the target	
		language.	

# GRADE LEVEL: GRADE FOUR AGE RANGE: 9 – 10 YEARS

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish;
- Appreciate the learning of French and Spanish as a tool for personal, social and intellectual development.

#### **KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING**

- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others;
- Communicate orally in French and Spanish on matters directly related to their daily lives.

## **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities;
  - Show interest in words and sounds.
- Take risks in learning as a learner of French and Spanish
  - Attempt to use recently learnt words in context;
  - Use prior knowledge in a new context;
  - Consider errors as part of the learning process;
  - Use different means of making oneself understood (gestures, movement, etc.).

TERM ONE	TERM TWO	TERM THREE
Topics:	Topics:	Topics:
* Greetings and farewells (cont'd)	* Weather	* Numbers (cont'd)
* Health	* Clothing	* Making friends (cont'd)

# \* Foods (cont'd)

# **THEMATIC AREAS**

**Psychosocial Development –** Healthy eating practices; protecting body from weather elements

Cognitive Development – Healthy body; healthy habits

Ethical and Moral Development - Taking responsibility for personal health and taking interest in other people's well-being

**Psychomotor Development –** Physical responses to cues: using the body to describe and explain, to respond to questions and orders in the target language with exercises, actions, drawings, applause, etc.

Topic	Communicative	Key Concepts	FRENCH	SPANISH	Assessment/Evaluation	Didactic
	Objectives		Content & Example	Content & Example	Activities	Resources
Greetings	Additional	Until we see	À la prochaine!	¡Hasta la vista!	Students identify what	Repetition
and	Greetings and	again			greeting or farewell is	
farewells	farewells				portrayed in pictures in	Pictures
(cont'd)		Good night	Bonne nuit	Buenas noches	the target language.	
		(before bed)				Role Play
					Students role play a	
		How are you?	(Comment) ça va? /	¿Cómo estás? /	simple dialogue with	Puppet show
			Tu vas bien ?	¿Qué tal?	greetings and farewells	
					in the target language.	Song / Video
		(Very) well,	(Ça va) (Très) bien,	(Estoy) (Muy) bien,	They should also	clip
		thanks.	merci.	gracias.	exchange personal	
					information: name, age,	
		Not too badly,	Pas mal, merci.	(Estoy) regular,	address, and birthday.	
		thanks.		gracias.		
					Students answer simple	
		So so	Comme ci, comme ça	Así así / más o menos	questions in English / in	
					Multiple Choice format	
					based on a simple	
	Terms of	daddy	papa	papá / papi	listening comprehension	
	endearment for				passage containing	
	family members	mummy	maman	mamá / mami	information on greetings	
					and farewells in the	
		grandma	mamie	abuelita	target language.	

		1	T		<u></u>	
		grandpa	pépé / papi	abuelito	Students identify the members of the family using the terms of endearment in the target language.  Students provide answers in the target language to simple situations described orally in English.	
Health	Expressing	I am fine	Ça va bien.	Estoy bien.	Students role play a visit	Repetition
	state of health,				to the doctor and	D 1 DI
	feelings and	I am feeling	Ça va mal.	Estoy mal.	identify what is wrong	Role Play
	emotions	down			with them in the target	
					language.	Emoticons /
		I am sick	Je suis malade.	Estoy enfermo /		Pictures
				enferma.	Students respond orally	
					in the target language to	Worksheet
		I have a	J'ai mal à la tête.	Me duele la cabeza.	the teacher's questions	
		headache			on their state of health,	
					feelings and emotions.	
		I have a belly	J'ai mal au ventre.	Me duele la barriga.		
		ache			Students identify, in the	
					target language, what	
		I have a flu	J'ai la grippe.	Tengo la gripe.	emotion/ feeling or state	
					of health is portrayed by	
		I am happy	Je suis content(e).	Estoy contento/a.	various emoticons /	
					pictures.	
		I am sad	Je suis triste.	Estoy triste.		
					Students identify with a	
		I am tired	Je suis fatigué(e).	Estoy cansado/a.	number on their	

					worksheet, the pictures (random order) which represent the feeling/emotion or state of health the teacher has called out in the target language.	
Foods	Identifying and	Review of	Fruits	Frutas	Students name the food	Repetition
(cont'd)	discussing	foods and	Légumes	Legumbres	they see on pictures /	
	meals and	names of	Viandes	Carnes	flashcards in the target	Pictures /
	healthy foods	meals	Produits laitiers	Productos lácteos	language.	flashcards
			Boissons	Bebidas		
		Additional			Students draw foods	Paper
		food	Qu'est-ce que tu	¿Qué desayunas /	that the teacher calls out	Pencil
		vocabulary	manges / bois au petit	almuerzas / cenas?	in the target language.	
			déjeuner / au déjeuner/			Realia
			au dîner?		Students create a shop	
					with different foods and	Play dough
			Au petit déjeuner, je	Desayuno	identify five healthy	
			mange / bois du / de		foods they want in the	Worksheet
			la / des		target language	
					(Example: water, bread,	Song / Video
			Au déjeuner, je mange	Almuerzo	cheese).	
			/ bois du / de la /			
			des		Students prepare a table	
			A 10		with five foods and/or	
			Au dîner, je mange /	Ceno	drinks they have at one	
			bois du / de la des		of the meals. Then name	
			••••		each item in the target	
					ialiguage.	
					Students create a	
					Students create a healthy meal out of play	

					dough and present it to	
					the class in the target	
					language.	
					In groups, students	
					conduct a mini-survey in	
					the target language to	
					determine what healthy	
					foods each member eats	
					and drinks. Then, they	
					say the food and state	
					how many people in	
					their group eat/drink it in	
					the target language.	
					(Example: Water – 4,	
					etc.)	
					·	
					Students have ten series	
					of two pictures. First	
					they circle the	
					foods/drinks the teacher	
					calls in the target	
					language. Then, they will	
					put the foods that are	
					not circled in the colours	
					specified by the teacher	
					in the target language.	
					Students can create a	
					simple jingle in the	
					target language about	
					the foods they eat/drink.	
					-	
Weather	Identifying	Review	Aujourd'hui	Hoy	Students state what the	Repetition

ı	11.00		T	T	I	
	different	adverbs of			weather is like during	
	weather	time (today	Demain	Mañana	various lessons in the	Realia
	conditions	and			target language.	
	affecting our	tomorrow)				Copies of
	region.				Students look at a	weather
		Review of	Les jours de la semaine	Los días de la semana	weekly weather forecast	forecast
		days of the	(révision)	(repaso)	and state the weather	(newspaper
		week			conditions on the	clipping, prints
					different days in the	from internet)
		What is the	Quel temps fait-il?	¿Qué tiempo hace?	target language.	
		weather like?	Quer terrips rare iii		targer language.	Listening
		weather like.			Students present a two	Comprehension
		The weather is	II fait beau.	Hace buen tiempo.	day weather forecast in	Worksheet
		good /fine	ii iait beau.		the target language to	Worksheet
		good/ilile			the class.	Pictures
		Theesther:	Il fait mauvais.	Hace mal tiempo.	the class.	Pictures
		The weather is	ii fait mauvais.	mace mar dempo.		
		bad			Students listen to a	
				Hace calor.	series of short simple	
		It is hot	II fait chaud.	nace calor.	sentences on weather	
				Hace frío.	and feelings / emotions	
		It is cold	II fait froid.	Hace mo.	in the target language	
				l.,	and they match the	
		It is windy	Il fait du vent.	Hace viento.	weather condition to the	
					feeling/emotion on their	
		It is sunny	II fait (du) soleil.	Hace sol.	worksheet.	
		It is cool	II fait frais.	Hace fresco.	Students choose one	
					picture showing a	
		It is raining	Il pleut.	Llueve / Está lloviendo.	weather condition and	
					one picture showing a	
					food/drink and make a	
					simple sentence in the	
					target language	
					containing both bits of	

					information (Example: It	
					is raining. I drink tea)	
					is railing. Further tear	
Clothing	Identifying and	Clothes	Les vêtements	La ropa	Students identify articles	Repetition
	naming				of clothing in the target	
	common	What is this?	Qu'est-ce que c'est?	¿Qué es esto?	language seen in	Pictures /
	articles of				pictures / on flashcards.	Flashcards
	clothing	Shirt	<b>une</b> chemise	<b>una</b> camisa		
		Pants	<b>un</b> pantalon	<b>un</b> pantalón	Students cut out articles	Magazine
		Shorts	<b>un</b> short	<b>un</b> short	of clothing identified in	Pictures &
		Skirt	<b>une</b> jupe	<b>una</b> falda	the target language by	Scissors
		Dress	<b>une</b> robe	<b>un</b> vestido	the teacher from	
		T-Shirt	<b>un</b> tee-shirt	<b>una</b> camiseta	magazine pictures	Listening
		Ribbons	des rubans	<b>unas</b> cintas	provided.	Comprehension
		Belt	<b>une</b> ceinture	<b>un</b> cinturón		Worksheet
		Shoes	des chaussures	<b>unos</b> zapatos	Students say simple	
		Uniform	<b>un</b> uniforme	<b>un</b> uniforme	sentences orally in the	Paper, pencil
		Raincoat	<b>un</b> imperméable	<b>un</b> impermeable	target language about	
		Underwear	<b>un</b> slip	<b>un</b> calzoncillo	what article(s) of	Realia
		Panty	<b>une</b> culotte	unas pantaletas	clothing they wear for	
		Sweater	<b>un</b> sweat / <b>un</b> sweater	<b>un</b> suéter	different weather	Camera ,
		Sandals	<b>des</b> sandales	<b>unas</b> sandalias	conditions.	Pictures &
		Sneakers	des baskets / tennis	<b>unas</b> zapatillas		Photocopier /
		Socks	des chaussettes	unas medias / unos	Students name the	Printer
				calcetines	possible articles of	
					clothing in the target	
		What are you	Qu'est-ce que tu	¿Qué llevas?	language that a family	
		wearing?	portes?		member identified by	
					the teacher in the target	
		I am wearing a	Je porte un uniforme.	Llevo un uniforme.	language would wear.	
		uniform.			(Example: mummy: skirt,	
					dress, etc.)	
					Students have ten series	

	of two pictures. First they circle the article of clothing the teacher calls in the target language. Then, they will put the articles of clothing that are not circled in the colours specified by the teacher in the target
	Students listen to simple sentences in the target language containing information about weather conditions and the articles of clothing worn. They will draw the
	pictures for each sentence.  Students participate in a dress race for a particular event identified in English (church, school, party, funeral). They must
	dress in a minute and a half. Then they must name the articles of clothing they are wearing in the target language.

					Students invent "Fashion Week Activity" where they must model their latest fashion and name the articles of clothing they are wearing in the target language. They take pictures to create a class magazine.	
Numbers (cont'd)	Identifying numbers and counting from o – 60	Review numbers 0 – 50 Name numbers 51 – 60	Les numéros o à 60  C'est quel numéro?  Cinquante-trois!	Los números o a 60 ¿Qué número es? ¡Cincuenta y tres!	Students identify the number written on a card / poster in the target language.  Students have a worksheet with fifteen series containing four numbers each. The teacher will call one number per series in the target language and the students circle the one that is called from each series.  Students complete number sequences or ally in the target language.  Students play the clapping game "Silence". However, they must say	Repetition Card/Poster Worksheet Game: "Silence" Basketball court / football field

					each number in the	
					target language.	
					Students are put into	
					groups. Each group will	
					be given approximately 5	
					minutes to make as	
					many baskets as	
					possible. Students must	
					count each basket in the	
					target language. (This	
					activity can be modified:	
					e.g., how many goals can	
					be scored in 5 minutes).	
					,	
Making	Exchanging	Introduce	Comment t'appelles-	¿Cómo te llamas? /	Students respond in the	Repetition
friends	personal	oneself and	tu? / Toi, c'est qui?	¿Cuál es tu nombre? /	target language to the	
(cont'd)	information in a	ask someone	- Je m'appelle / Moi,	¿Quién eres?	oral situation described	Puppet Show
(60.16.0)	more detailed	about	c'est / Je suis	- Me llamo / Mi	by the teacher in English.	. аррегонон
	manner	himself/herself		nombre es / Soy		Role Play
	- Trainier	- name			Students role play an	noic riay
		- age	Tu as quel âge?	¿Cuántos años tienes?	encounter with a new	Listening
		- address	- J'ai ans.	- Tengo años.	classmate / friend /	comprehension
		- birthday	- J al alis.	- Teligo allos.	relative in the target	Comprehension
		- siblings	Où habites-tu?	¿Dónde vives?	language. They must	
		_		- Vivo en	,	
		- pets	- J'habite (à)	- vivo en	exchange as much	
		- clothing	Clast supply top	.C4nda.aa.t	personal information as	
		- food	C'est quand, ton	¿Cuándo es tu	possible in keeping with	
			anniversaire?	cumpleaños?	the content outlined in	
			- Mon anniversaire,	- Mi cumpleaños es el	this section.	
			c'est le	de		
					Students host a	
			Tu as des frères ou des	¿Tienes hermanos o	television show for	
			sœurs?	hermanas?	Fashion Week. The host	

		- J'ai frères / sœurs	- Tengo hermanos /	interviews his guests	
			hermanas	(requesting some	
		- Je suis enfant unique	- Soy hijo/a único/a	personal information) in	
				the target language and	
		Tu as un chien?	¿Tienes un perro?	asks them to say what	
		- Oui, j'ai un chien	- Sí, tengo un perro	they are wearing.	
		- Non, j'ai un mouton	- No, tengo una oveja		
				Students role play a	
		Qu'est-ce que tu	¿Qué llevas?	telephone conversation	
		portes?		between themselves and	
		- Je porte	- Llevo	a French/Spanish pen pal	
		·		in which they introduce	
		Qu'est-ce que tu	¿Qué comes / bebes?	themselves and discuss	
		manges / bois ?		what they eat and drink	
		- Je mange / bois du /	- Como / bebo	in the target language.	
		de la / des			
		·		Students listen to a short	
				passage in the target	
Expressing	Nice / Pleased	Enchanté(e)	Mucho gusto	language about	
pleasure at	to meet you.		Encantado/a	someone and answer	
•	,		·	questions based on it in	
_				1 -	
				, ,	
Saying how	How many	Vous êtes combien	¿Cuántos son en tu	true/false or multiple	
	_	dans ta famille?	familia?	choice formats.	
are in one's	·				
,	,	On est quatre : ma	Somos cuatro: mi		
		•			
		• •			
	and I.				
meeting someone.  Saying how many people are in one's family.	How many persons are there in your family? There are four of us: my mom, my dad, my brother and I.		¿Cuántos son en tu familia? Somos cuatro: mi mamá, mi papá, mi hermano y yo.	English. <b>N.B.</b> Questions can be open ended, true/false or multiple	

GRADE LEVEL: GRADE FIVE AGE RANGE: 10 – 11 YEARS

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish;
- Appreciate the learning of French and Spanish as a tool for personal, social and intellectual development.

#### **KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING**

- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Be able to provide and solicit information from others;
- Communicate orally in French and Spanish on matters directly related to their daily lives.

## **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities;
  - Show interest in words and sounds.
- Take risks in learning as a learner of French and Spanish
  - Attempt to use recently learnt words in context;
  - Use prior knowledge in a new context;
  - Consider errors as part of the learning process;
  - Use different means of making oneself understood (gestures, movement, etc.);
  - Use past experiences as a guide in taking on a new challenge.

TERM ONE		TERM TWO	TERM THREE
Topics:		Topics:	Topics:
* Introducing Friends	5	* Neighbourhood and Public Places	* Modes of Transport

# **THEMATIC AREAS**

**Psychosocial Development –** Taking the initiative to make and introduce new friends.

**Cognitive Development** – Describing the neighbourhood: identify public amenities, weather patterns and modes of transport; telling time.

**Ethical and Moral Development –** Developing an appreciation for one's community

**Psychomotor Development –** Physical responses to cues: using the body to describe and explain, to respond to questions and orders in the target language with exercises, actions, drawings, applause, etc.

Topic	Communicative	Key	FRENCH	SPANISH	Assessment/Evaluation	Didactic
	Objectives	Concepts	Content & Example	Content & Example	Activities	Resources
Introducing	Introducing	Greetings,	Salut! Je suis J'ai	¡Hola! Soy Tengo	Students introduce	Repetition
Friends	oneself	salutations;	ans. J'habite (à)	años. Vivo en Mi	themselves to the class	
	(review)	presenting	Mon anniversaire, c'est	cumpleaños es el	in the target language.	Puppet Show
		personal	le J'ai frère(s) /	de Tengo		
		information	sœur(s). J'ai un chien.	hermano(s)/	Students interview a	Video Clip
			Au revoir!	hermana(s). Tengo un	classmate in the target	
				perro. ¡Adiós!	language.	Song
	Enquiring about	Enquiring	Comment t'appelles –tu	¿Cómo te llamas?	Students present the	Listening
	new friends	about name,	?		classmate they have	Comprehension
	(review)	age,	Tu as quel âge ?	¿Cuántos años tienes?	interviewed to the class	
		address,	Tu habites où?	¿Dónde vives?	in the target language.	Show and Tell
		birthday,	C'est quand, ton	¿Cuándo es tu		
		siblings,	anniversaire?	cumpleaños?	Students can bring the	
		pets, family	Tu as des frères ou	¿Tienes hermanos o	picture of a family	
			sœurs?	hermanas?	member / friend or a doll	
			Tu as un animal ?	¿Tienes un animal?	/ teddy bear and provide	
			Vous êtes combien	¿Cuántos son en tu	personal information	
			dans ta famille ?	familia?	about the person / item	
					to the class in the target	
	Introducing	Introducing	Voici / C'est Paul. Il a dix	Éste es Pablo. Tiene	language.	
	new friends	a new friend	ans. Il habite (à) Paris.	diez años. Vive en		
					Students listen to a	

		to others	Son anniversaire, c'est le Il a deux frères et une sœur. Il a un lapin.  Elle s'appelle Michelle. Elle a sept ans. Elle habite (à) Fort-de-France. Son anniversaire, c'est le Elle a un frère et trois sœurs. Elle a un chat.	Madrid. Su cumpleaños es el de Tiene dos hermanos y una hermana. Tiene un conejo.  Ésta es Marisol. Tiene siete años. Vive en San Juan. Su cumpleaños es el de Tiene un hermano y tres hermanas. Tiene un gato.	simple comprehension passage in the target language and answer questions based on it in English.	
Time (cont'd)	Asking for and telling the time	Vocabulary on time:  What time is it? (review)  It is o'clock (review)  It is half past  Review numbers o – 30	Quelle heure est-il?/Il est quelle heure? Il est une heure Il est deux heures Il est une heure trente/Il est une heure et demie	¿Qué hora es?  Es la una Son las dos  Es la una y treinta / Es la una y media.	Students create paper clocks and ask their nearest classmate the time displayed on the clock in the target language. (N.B.: Instructions for making the clocks can be given in the target language).  Students identify the time displayed on the various clocks printed on their worksheet / on flashcards in the target language.	Repetition  Clock  Question and Answer session  Paper clocks  Worksheet
					Students fill the blank clocks on their worksheet with the	

	1	1	1	1	1	I
					times given by the	
					teacher in the target	
					language.	
					Students have ten series	
					of four clocks. They will	
					choose the clock that	
					shows the time	
					mentioned by the	
					teacher in the target	
					language for each series.	
Neighbour-	Identifying	Vocabulary	Mon quartier	Mi barrio	Students name the	Repetition
hood and	public places in	on public	, mon quartie.		public places portrayed	repetition
Public Places	the community	places	Qu'est-ce que c'est?	¿Qué es esto?	in pictures in the target	Pictures
. abile i laces		piaces	C'est	Es	language.	1 10001 05
			<b>un</b> commissariat	<b>una</b> comisaría	languager	Worksheet
			<b>un</b> hôpital	<b>un</b> hospital	Students circle pictures	Tronisine e
			une école	una escuela	of professions or	Bag and labeled
			une église	una iglesia	products on their	slips
			un magasin	una tienda	worksheets typically	Silps
			<b>un</b> supermarché	<b>un</b> supermercado	associated with the	Paper, pencil &
			<b>un</b> marché	un mercado	public places specified	crayons
			une banque	un banco	by the teacher in the	Clayons
			une plage	una playa	target language.	Dialogue
			<b>un</b> restaurant	<b>un</b> restaurante	target language.	Dialogue
			une bibliothèque	<b>una</b> biblioteca	Students din for names	Puppet Show
			une maison		Students dip for names	Puppet Snow
				una casa	of public places written	Cong
			<b>un</b> cinéma	<b>un</b> cine	in English and say what it	Song
			<b>une</b> boulangerie	<b>una</b> panadería	is in the target language.	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	D 11	6		0 /1 / 1 / 2	Ctudente du	Video clip
	Describing the	Saying what	Qu'est-ce qu'il y a dans	¿Qué hay en tu barrio?	Students draw a map of	
	community	amenities	ton quartier?		their neighbourhood and	
		there are in			present some of the	
		the	II y a une église, deux	Hay una iglesia, dos	public places found	

	<u> </u>	1				
		community	supermarchés et un	supermercados y un	there to the class in the	
			cinéma.	cine.	target language.	
	Saying where	The verb 'to	Je vais	Yo voy	Students interview each	
	one is going	go'	Tu vas	Tú vas	other in the target	
			II/Elle va	Él / Ella va	language to see what	
					public places they visit.	
			Tu vas où ?	¿Adónde vas (tú)?		
			Je vais <b>au</b> cinéma.	(Yo) voy <b>al</b> cine.	In pairs, students ask	
					each other what public	
			Il va <b>à la</b> plage.	(Él) va <b>a la</b> playa.	places they visit. Each	
			Elle va <b>à l'</b> école.	(Ella) va <b>a la</b> escuela.	child will tell the class	
					where he/she visits as	
					well as where his/her	
					partner visits in the	
					target language.	
Modes of	Identifying	Vocabulary	Comment vas-tu à	¿Cómo vas a la escuela /	Students identify the	Repetition
Transport	different modes	on modes of	l'école / à la plage?	a la playa?	mode of transport in the	•
,	of transport	transport			target language found in	Pictures /
	'		Je vais à l'école / à la	(Yo) voy a la escuela / a	pictures / on flashcards.	Flashcards
			plage	la playa	'	
					Students have a	Worksheet
			<b>à</b> pied	<b>a</b> pie	worksheet with the	
			à vélo	<b>en</b> bicicleta	pictures of the modes of	Song
			<b>en</b> bus	<b>en</b> autobús	transport numbered	3
			<b>en</b> voiture	<b>en</b> coche	from one to six. They	Video clip
			<b>en</b> avion	<b>en</b> avión	identify the mode of	
			<b>en</b> bateau	en barco	transport orally in the	Models of
					target language that	Modes of
					corresponds to the	Transport
					picture number called by	
					the teacher in the target	
					language. (Example:	
	1	I			language. (Exumple:	

					Photo 1)	
Weather (cont'd)	Enquiring about and stating	Review of Weather	Quel temps fait-il? (review conditions	¿Qué tiempo hace? (review conditions	Students state what the weather is like during	Repetition
	weather conditions		previously taught)	previously taught)	various lessons in the target language.	Realia
	Conditions	It's cloudy	Il y a des nuages.	Hay nubes.	target lariguage.	Copies of
		It's stormy	Il fait de l'orage.	Hay tormenta.	Students look at a	weather
		,			weekly weather forecast	forecast
	Discussing the	The season	Les saisons	Las estaciones	and state the weather	(newspaper
	seasons				conditions on the	clipping, prints
	affecting our community	Dry season	La saison sèche	La estación seca	different days in the target language.	from internet)
		Rainy season	La saison des pluies	La estación de lluvia(s)		Listening
					Students present a two	Comprehension
		Hurricane			day weather forecast in	Worksheet
		season	La saison des cyclones/	La temporada de	the target language to	
			des ouragans	huracanes	the class.	Pictures
		The			Students match the	Internet &
		hurricane	La saison des cyclones	La temporada de	Students match the season to the possible	computer
		season is	est de juin à novembre.	huracanes es de junio a	weather conditions on	Flashcards
		from June to	est de juiit à novembre.	noviembre.	their worksheet. Then,	i iasiicai as
		November	La saison des pluies est	Hoviembre.	they identify the season	
		(etc.)	de à	La estación de lluvia(s)	and the corresponding	
				es de a	conditions orally in the	
			La saison sèche est de		target language.	
			à	La estación seca es de	( <b>Example:</b> Rainy season -	
				a	it rains, it is cold, the	
					weather is bad, etc.)	

GRADE LEVEL: GRADE SIX AGE RANGE: 11 – 12 YEARS

### **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Appreciate the cultural differences that exist between peoples of Francophone and Hispanic Cultures and their own;
- Appreciate the learning of French and Spanish as a tool for personal, social and intellectual development;
- Develop a positive attitude towards the learning of French and Spanish;
- Value the diversity, respect the dignity and support the equality of all.

#### **KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING**

- Be able to provide and solicit information from others;
- Communicate orally in French and Spanish on matters directly related to their daily lives;
- Respond appropriately to spoken French and Spanish;
- Decode French and Spanish that is spoken clearly and simply.

# **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

#### **VALUES**

- Participate with enthusiasm in French and Spanish activities
  - Participate willingly in activities,
  - React favourably to the proposition of an activity,
  - Show interest in words and sounds;
- Take risks in learning as a learner of French and Spanish
  - Attempt to use recently learnt words in context,
  - Consider errors as part of the learning process,
  - Use different means of making oneself understood (gestures, movement, etc.),
  - Use past experiences as a guide in taking on a new challenge,
  - Use prior knowledge in a new context.

TERM ONE	TERM TWO
Topics:	Topics:
* Electronics	*The Francophone and Hispanic World
* Hobbies	

#### THEMATIC AREAS

**Psychosocial Development –** *Take interest in others: obtain and exchange information.* 

**Cognitive Development** – Become familiar with other cultures; discussing technology, hobbies, preferences and weather.

**Ethical and Moral Development –** Develop a sense of self-awareness and tolerance for others.

**Psychomotor Development –** Work as a group; physical response to cues.

Topic	Communicative Objectives	Key	FRENCH Content & Example	SPANISH Content & Example	Assessment/Evaluation Activities	Didactic
	•	Concepts		•		Resources
Electronics	Identifying	Vocabulary	Qu'est-ce que c'est?	¿Qué es (esto)?	Students identify the	Repetition
	what gadgets	on			gadgets seen in	
	one has	technology	C'est	Es	pictures in the target	Pictures
			<b>un</b> portable	<b>un</b> móvil	language.	
			<b>un</b> ordinateur	<b>una</b> computadora		Song
			<b>une</b> radio	<b>una</b> radio	Students will interview	
			<b>un</b> téléviseur	<b>un</b> televisor	their classmates in the	Question &
			<b>un</b> téléphone	<b>un</b> teléfono	target language to	Answer
			<b>un</b> iPod	<b>un</b> iPod	determine what	
					gadgets they have.	Worksheet &
			Tu as un portable?	¿Tienes un móvil?		crayons
					Students find various	
			Oui, j'ai un portable.	Sí, tengo un móvil.	gadgets hidden in a	
			Non, j'ai des jeux vidéo.	No, tengo videojuegos.	picture. They state how	
					many of each gadget	
					can be found. Then	
			Il a une radio.	(ÉI) tiene una radio.	they colour each	
			Elle a un téléviseur.	(Ella) tiene un televisor.	gadget in a colour	

	ı			1	T .	Τ
					specified by the	
					teacher.	
					Students look at	
					pictures and say what	
					gadget each person has	
					in the target language.	
Hobbies	Exchanging	Vocabulary	Quel est ton passe-	¿Cuál es tu pasatiempo	Students identify	Repetition
	information	on Sports,	temps préféré?	favorito?	various hobbies in the	'
	about hobbies	Games and	' '		target language shown	Question &
		Activities	J'aime	Adoro	in pictorial form.	Answer
			<b>le</b> football	<b>el</b> fútbol		
			<b>le</b> cricket	el críquet / cricket	Students conduct a	Oral
			<b>le</b> cinéma	el cine	mini-class survey in the	Presentation
			<b>le</b> dessin	el dibujo	target language to find	Tresentation
			<b>la</b> natation	<b>la</b> natación	out what the most	Charades/ Mime
			<b>la</b> musique	la música	common hobby	Characes, Millie
			la télévision	<b>la</b> televisión	practiced by their	Listening
			la television	la pintura	classmates. They state	Comprehension
			la lecture	la lectura	the information orally	Comprehension
			la danse	el baile / la danza	in the target language.	Worksheet
			les jeux vidéo	los videojuegos	( <b>Example:</b> Cricket – 2	Worksheet
			les jeux video	los videojuegos	, -	Pictures
			Tu aimes la danse ?	. A dama al baila?	persons, Video games -	Pictures
			Tu aillies la danse :	¿Adoras el baile?	5 people, etc.)	Cana
				C( - d   b - i  -	Ct. doub.	Song
			Oui, j'aime la danse.	Sí, adoro el baile.	Students present	\rangle 1.
			Non, je déteste la	No, detesto el baile.	themselves to the class	Video clip
			danse.		in the target language	
				(4)-11 > 1	providing personal	Puppet Show
			II / Elle aime la	¿(Él/Ella) adora la	information (name,	
			musique?	música?	age, address, birthday,	
					hobbies / preferences,	
			Oui, il / elle aime la	Sí, (él/ella) adora la	siblings, pets, etc.)	

musique.	música.		
Non, il/elle déteste la	No, (él/ella) detesta la	Students act out a	
	música.		
musique.	iliusica.	particular hobby and	
		allow their class to	
		identify in the target	
		language.	
		Students listen to a	
		series of simple	
		sentences about	
		hobbies and answer the	
		questions based on	
		them in English.	
		Students look at a	
		series of pictures and	
		create sentences in the	
		target language about	
		what each person's	
		preference is with	
		regards to the hobby	
		depicted.	
		Students interview a	
		classmate about his/her	
		hobbies in the target	
		language and then	
		inform the class about	
		their peer's hobbies.	
		Students have a	
		worksheet with ten	
		series of four pictures	
		and choose the picture	

					which best portrays the sentence read in the target language for each series.  Students create a simple jingle about hobbies in the target language.	
The Francophone and Hispanic World	Identifying a few territories in the Francophone / Hispanic World	Names of countries	La France La Martinique La Guadeloupe La Guyane Française Haïti Le Canada/ Le Québec	España Puerto Rico Cuba México Venezuela Colombia La República Dominicana	Students identify a few countries in the Francophone / Hispanic world in the target language.  Students identify Francophone / Hispanic countries on a map of the Caribbean.	Repetition  World Map Video  Song  Worksheet
	Discover similarities and differences in Francophone and Hispanic Cultures  Appropriate	Review: Clothing, Weather, Food Sports	Bienvenue!	¡Bienvenido! /	Students discuss the cultural similarities and differences found in the Francophone / Hispanic World in English. They can name items in the target language where possible.	Pictures  Videos / DVDs: cartoons, music, movies, customs and habits
	Francophone / Hispanic Cultures by re- creating various cultural aspects	Dance Music Food Children's Poetry	Manières de table: Bon appétit!	¡Bienvenida!  Modales en la mesa :  ¡Buen provecho! / ¡Buen apetito!	With assistance of the teacher, students learn to: - listen to simple recipes	Cooking class  Dance and Theatre class  Internet (e.g.

			in the target language	YouTube)
	Passe-moi le jus / la	Pásame el jugo / la	and prepare typical	,
	sauce, s'il te plaît.	salsa, por favor.	Francophone/ Hispanic	Resource
			foods;	Persons
	Excuse-moi, s'il te plaît.	Con permiso, por favor.	- share meals using	N
			proper table etiquette	Visit to Alliance Française /
			in the target language;	Venezuela
			- execute typical	Institute
			(traditional / modern)	surace
			Francophone / Hispanic	Trip to
			dances;	Francophone /
			- play typical children's	Hispanic
			games found in	territory
			Francophone / Hispanic	
			Cultures;	
			- colour blank prints of	
			the flags of	
			Francophone/Hispanic	
			countries learned;	
			- search for pictures of	
			the currency used in the	
			Francophone/Hispanic	
			countries learned;	
			- recite simple tongue	
			twisters (les vire-	
			langues / las	
			trabalenguas)	
			a abaicing aas j	

**SUMMATIVE EVAULATION CHECKLISTS** 

Student Name:	Grade: KINDERGARTEN

# Primary Modern Languages Evaluation Checklist for Oral and Aural Skills

Subject Area: _				
Please tick the appropriate descriptor. Student is able to:	Excellent	Very Good	Satisfactory	Minimal
Greet another person appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to someone's greeting appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say goodbye	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to classroom instructions given by the teach	er []	[]	[]	[]
State his/her name	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a peer his/her name	[]	[]	[]	[]
Count from o – 6	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the numbers o – 6	[]	[]	[]	[]
State his/her age	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a peer his/her age	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the colours of the national flag	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify other basic colours	[]	[]	[]	[]
Count from 0 – 12	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the numbers 0 -12	[]	[]	[]	[]
State he/she is hungry and thirsty	[]	[]	[]	[]
Request permission to the bathroom	[]	[]	[]	[]
Express gratitude	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say please	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say yes/no	[]	[]	[]	[]
Pronounce words well	[]	[]	[]	[]
Participate in learning activities	[]	[]	[]	[]
Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors S				
General Comments:				
Teacher's Signature			Date	

Student Name:	Grade: ONE

## Primary Modern Languages Evaluation Checklist for Oral and Aural Skills

Subject Area: Please tick the appropriate descriptor. Student is able to: **Excellent Very Good Satisfactory Minimal** Greet another person appropriately Respond to someone's greeting appropriately [] [][] [] Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher [] Use different formulas to say goodbye [] [] [] Introduce himself/herself (name, age) []Ask a new classmate his/her name and age [] [][] [] State his/her place of residence [] [] [] [] Enquire about a classmate place of residence Invite a classmate to be friends [] [] [] [] Invite a classmate to play Accept an invitation to be friends / to play [][] [] []Count from 0 - 20 Use and identify numbers 0 - 20 Solve simple oral arithmetic sums (addition and subtraction) [] [] [] [] Identify the four basic shapes []Say how many sides a shape has []Identify and describe objects in the classroom [] [][] Identify the members of the immediate family [] [] [] [] Identify body parts on the face [] [] [] [] Express that he/she is hot or cold [] [] [] [] Say that he/she does not know something [] [][] [] Say that he/she does not understand something [] [][] [] Pronounce words well Participate in learning activities Shows some initiative in using words correctly 

	<b>Excellent:</b> No errors	<b>Very Good:</b> Occasional errors	Satisfactory: Some errors	Minimal: Not comprehensible
General C	omments:			
Teacher's	Signature			Date

Student Name:	 Grade: <b>TWO</b>

# <u>Primary Modern Languages</u> <u>Evaluation Checklist for Oral and Aural Skills</u>

Please tick the appropriate descriptor.

Student is able to:	Excellent	Very Good	Satisfac	tory Minimal
Greet another person appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to someone's greeting appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher	[]	[]	[]	[]
Introduce himself/herself: name, age, address	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate his/her name, age, address	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say the alphabet	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the letters of the alphabet	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate to spell his/her name	[]	[]	[]	[]
Spell his/her name	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say the days of the week	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say the months of the year	[]	[]	[]	[]
Count from 0 – 31	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say the date	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask the date	[]	[]	[]	[]
Solve simple oral arithmetic sums (addition and subtraction		[]	[]	[]
Identify members of the family (immediate and extended	) []	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about the type of home a friend lives in	[]	[]	[]	[]
State what type of home he/she lives in	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about whom a friend lives with	[]	[]	[]	[]
State with whom he/she lives	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the parts of the house	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a friend how many rooms there are at his/her home	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say how many rooms there are at his/her home	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the parts of the body	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to simple commands involving body movements	s []	[]	[]	[]
Say what actions are done with various body parts	[]	[]	[]	[]
Pronounce words well	[]	[]	[]	[]
Participate in learning activities	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use words correctly with some assistance from teacher	[]	[]	[]	[]

General Comments:	
Teacher's Signature	 Date

**Excellent:** No errors **Very Good:** Occasional errors **Satisfactory:** Some errors **Minimal:** Not comprehensible

Student Name:	Grade: THREE

# Primary Modern Languages Evaluation Checklist for Oral and Aural Skills

Student is able to:  Excellent Very Good Satisfactory Minimal  Greet another person appropriately Respond to someone's greeting appropriately Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher [] [] [] [] Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher [] [] [] [] Count from o – 50 [] [] [] [] [] Ask a classmate when his/her birthday is [] [] [] [] Say when his/her birthday is [] [] [] [] [] Wish someone happy birthday [] [] [] [] [] Wish someone happy birthday [] [] [] [] [] Accept/decline an invitation [] [] [] [] [] Accept/decline an invitation [] [] [] [] [] [] Say Merry Christmas [] [] [] [] [] [] Say Happy New Year [] [] [] [] [] [] Identify and name foods Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking [] [] [] [] [] Ask for the time Say that he/she drinks or is drinking [] [] [] [] [] Ask for the time Say the time (on the hour) [] [] [] [] [] Identify and name animals in his/her environment [] [] [] [] [] Say what animals he/she has [] [] [] [] [] Describe animals with their sounds [] [] [] [] Pronounce words well [] [] [] [] [] Pronounce words well [] [] [] [] [] Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible  General Comments:	Subject Area:				
Respond to someone's greeting appropriately  Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher  Count from 0 – 50  Ask a classmate when his/her birthday is  Say when his/her birthday is  Wish someone happy birthday  Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party  Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party  Respond to classroom instructions in his/her birthday is  Invite a friend/classmate when his/her birthday party  Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party  Invite a friend/classmate when his/her birthday party  Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party  Invite a friend/classmate/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/seafune/s		Excellent	Very Good	Satisfactory	, Minimal
Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] Ask a classmate when his/her birthday is [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	Greet another person appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Count from 0 – 50	Respond to someone's greeting appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate when his/her birthday is  Say when his/her birthday is  Wish someone happy birthday  Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party  Invite a friend/classma	Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say when his/her birthday is  Wish someone happy birthday  Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party  Inv	Count from 0 – 50	[]	[]	[]	[]
Wish someone happy birthday	Ask a classmate when his/her birthday is	[]	[]	[]	[]
Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday party	Say when his/her birthday is	[]	[]	[]	[]
Accept/decline an invitation  Say Merry Christmas  Say Happy New Year  Identify and name foods  Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Ill Ill Ill Ill Ill Ill Ill Ill Ill Il	Wish someone happy birthday	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say Merry Christmas  Say Happy New Year  Identify and name foods  Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  I	Invite a friend/classmate/relative to his/her birthday part	у []	[]	[]	[]
Say Happy New Year  Identify and name foods  Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Ask for the time  Say the time (on the hour)  Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors  I	Accept/decline an invitation	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify and name foods  Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Ask for the time  Say the time (on the hour)  Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Identify animals with their sounds  Identify animals with their sound	Say Merry Christmas	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  (I) (I) (I) (I)  Ask for the time  Say the time (on the hour)  Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Say Happy New Year	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what he/she drinks or is drinking  Ask for the time  Say the time (on the hour)  Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Identify and name foods	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask for the time  Say the time (on the hour)  Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Ask someone what he/she drinks or is drinking	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say the time (on the hour)  Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Say what he/she drinks or is drinking	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify meal times  Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Ask for the time	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify and name animals in his/her environment  Say what animals he/she has  Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible in the same and the	Say the time (on the hour)	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what animals he/she has    [ ]	Identify meal times	[]	[]	[]	[]
Describe animals using colours  Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible	Identify and name animals in his/her environment	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify animals with their sounds  Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors  Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Say what animals he/she has	[]	[]	[]	[]
Pronounce words well  Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors  Very Good: Occasional errors  Satisfactory: Some errors  Minimal: Not comprehensible	Describe animals using colours	[]	[]	[]	[]
Participate in learning activities  Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning  Use different means to make himself/herself understood  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible of the property of the p	Identify animals with their sounds	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Use different means to make himself/herself understood [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible	Pronounce words well	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use different means to make himself/herself understood [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible	Participate in learning activities	[]	[]	[]	[]
Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisfactory: Some errors Minimal: Not comprehensible	Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning	[]	[]	[]	[]
	Use different means to make himself/herself understood	i []	[]	[]	[]
General Comments:	Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satis	<b>factory:</b> Sor	me errors Mi	<b>nimal:</b> Not con	nprehensible
	ŕ	: <b>factory:</b> Sor	me errors Mi	<b>nimal:</b> Not con	nprehensible
Teacher's Signature Date					

Student Name:	 Grade: FOUR

# Primary Modern Languages Evaluation Checklist for Oral and Aural Skills

Subject Area:				
Please tick the appropriate descriptor. Student is able to:	Excellent	Very Good	Satisfacto	ory Minimal
Greet another person appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to someone's greeting appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use terms of endearment for various family members	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquiry about a classmate's state of health or feelings	[]	[]	[]	[]
State how he/she feels	[]	[]	[]	[]
Name and identify foods	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify healthy foods	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask someone what he/she eats or drinks at different mea	ls []	[]	[]	[]
Say what he/she eats/drinks at different meals	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about the weather	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what the weather is like	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify and name articles of clothing	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate/friend/ relative what he/she is wearing	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what he/she is wearing	[]	[]	[]	[]
Count from o – 60	[]	[]	[]	[]
Give detailed personal information about himself/herself	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate for detailed personal information	[]	[]	[]	[]
Express pleasure at meeting someone	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate how many people are in his/her family	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say how many people are in his/her family; identify them	[]	[]	[]	[]
Pronounce words well	[]	[]	[]	[]
Participate in learning activities	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use different means to make himself/herself understood	[]	[]	[]	[]
Take the initiative to speak freely in the target language	[]	[]	[]	[]
Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasional errors Satisf	<b>actory:</b> Sor	ne errors Mi	<b>inimal:</b> Not c	omprehensible

Teacher's Signature	_	Date
Student Name:	Grade: FIVE	

# <u>Primary Modern Languages</u> <u>Evaluation Checklist for Oral and Aural Skills</u>

Subject Area:				
Please tick the appropriate descriptor.				
Student is able to:	Excellent	Very Good	Satisfac	tory Minimal
Greet another person appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to someone's greeting appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquiry about someone's state of health or feelings	[]	[]	[]	[]
State how he/she feels	[]	[]	[]	[]
Give detailed personal information about himself/herself	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate for detailed personal information	[]	[]	[]	[]
Introduce someone to others	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask for the time	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say the time (on the hour and half hour)	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about names of public places	[]	[]	[]	[]
Name and identify public places	[]	[]	[]	[]
Describe his/her community	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about public places in someone else's communit	у []	[]	[]	[]
Ask a classmate/friend/relative where he/she is going	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say where he/she is going	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say where someone else is going	[]	[]	[]	[]
Name and identify the modes of transport	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about how someone gets around the community	y []	[]	[]	[]
Say how he/she gets around the community	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about the weather	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what the weather is like	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify the seasons affecting his/her community	[]	[]	[]	[]
Give basic information about the seasons	[]	[]	[]	[]
Pronounce words well	[]	[]	[]	[]
Participate in learning activities	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use different means to make himself/herself understood	[]	[]	[]	[]
Take the initiative to speak freely in the target language	Г٦	Γ <b>1</b>	Γ1	[]

Show some level of autonomy		[]	[]	[]		
Excellent: No errors Very Good: Occasiona	al errors <b>Satisfact</b>	ory: Some	errors <b>Min</b>	imal: Not compi	rehensible	
General Comments:						
					<del></del>	
Teacher's Signature				 Date		

Student Name:		ade: <u>SIX</u>		
Primary Modern Languages Evaluation	n Checklis	t for Oral a	and Aural Sk	<u>kills</u>
Subject Area:				
Please tick the appropriate descriptor. Student is able to:	Fugallant	Varu Caad	Catial antam	
Student is able to:	Excellent	very Good	Satisfactory	wiinimai
Greet another person appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to someone's greeting appropriately	[]	[]	[]	[]
Respond to classroom instructions given by the teacher	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about and name simple gadgets	[]	[]	[]	[]
Ask someone about the gadgets he/she has	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what gadgets he/she has	[]	[]	[]	[]
Name and identify hobbies	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about a classmate's/ friend's/ relative's hobbies	[]	[]	[]	[]
Say what his/her hobbies are	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about someone's preferences	[]	[]	[]	[]
State his/her preferences	[]	[]	[]	[]
Enquire about someone else's preferences	[]	[]	[]	[]
State someone else's preferences	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify Caribbean Francophone/Hispanic territories	[]	[]	[]	[]
Identify cultural similarities and differences	[]	[]	[]	[]
Welcome someone	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use simple table etiquette	[]	[]	[]	[]
Pronounce words well	[]	[]	[]	[]
Participate in learning activities	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use prior knowledge to build on his/her learning	[]	[]	[]	[]
Use different means to make himself/herself understood	[]	[]	[]	[]
Take the initiative to speak freely in the target language	[]	[]		[]
Show a greater level of autonomy	[]	[]	[]	[]

<b>Excellent:</b> No errors <b>Very Good:</b> Occasional errors	Satisfactory: Some errors	Minimal: Not comprehensible
---	---------------------------	-----------------------------

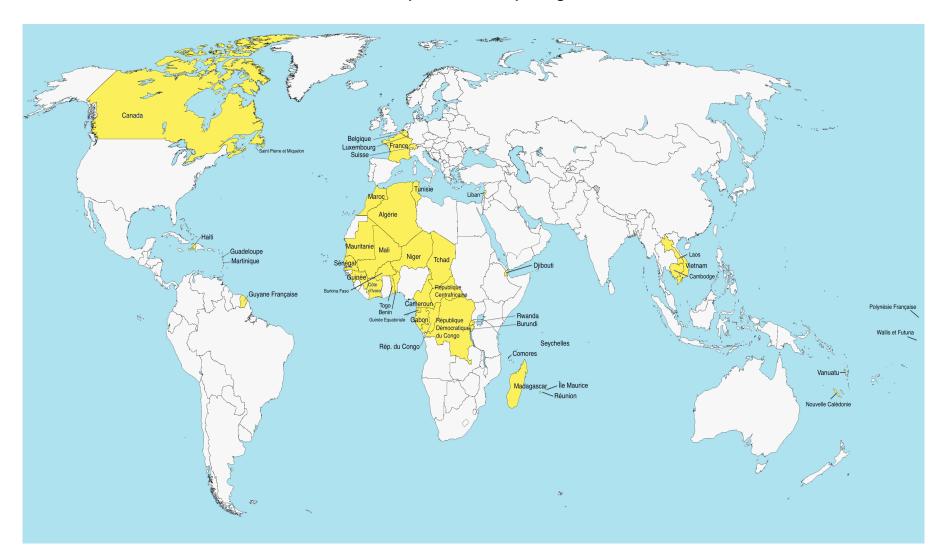
General Comments:			

Teacher's Signature	 Date

**APPENDICES** 

# **APPENDIX I**

# Map of the French-Speaking World



Source: CAMDU, 2013

#### **APPENDIX II**

## Map of the Francophonie World



Source: http://falarfrances.blogspot.com/2010\_03\_01\_archive.html

#### APPENDIX III

# **Map of Spanish-speaking Countries**



Source: http://lrc.salemstate.edu/hispanics/hispanicworld.htm

# **APPENDIX IV**

# **WORDLISTS**

	<u>French</u>	<u>Spanish</u>
Domesticated Animals		
Dog	un chien	un perro
Cat	un chat	un gato
Rabbit	un lapin	un conejo
Goat	une chèvre	una cabra
Sheep	un mouton	una oveja
Chicken	un poulet	un pollo
Hen	une poule	una gallina
Rooster	un coq	un gallo
Pig	un cochon	un cerdo
Horse	un cheval	un caballo
Cow	une vache	una vaca
Bird	un oiseau	un pájaro
Goldfish	un poisson rouge	un pez de colores
Duck	un canard	un pato
Toad	un crapaud	un sapo
Frog	une grenouille	una rana
Animal sounds		
Dog (ruff, bow-wow)	ouaf! / ouah!	guau
Cat (meow)	miaou	miau
Goat (baah baah)	mêê	bee bee
Mouton (baaaah)	bêê	bee
Rooster (cockadoodle doo)	cocorico	quiquiriquí
Pig (oink oink)	groin groin	oinc oinc
Duck (quack quack)	coin coin	cuac cuac
Cow	meuh!	muu
Frog/Toad (croak / ribbit)	c(r)oa c(r)oa	cruá cruá
Horse	hiii	jiiiii
Bird	cui cui	pío pío
Porto I		
Drink T	1- 4- 4	-1+4
Tea	le thé	el té
Coffee	le café	el café
Juice	le jus	el jugo

Water l'eau (f) el agua (f)

# WORDLISTS (cont'd)

	<u>French</u>		Spanish
Foods			
Bread	le pain		el pan
Butter	le beurre		la mantequilla
Cheese	le fromage		el queso
Pancake	la crêpe		el panqueque / crepe
Cereal	les céréales (f)		los cereales
Egg	ľœuf (m)		el huevo
Bacon	le lard		la tocineta
Salad	la salade		la ensalada
Carrot	la carotte		la zanahoria
Peas	les petits pois		los frijoles
Pasta	les pâtes (f)		la pasta
Pizza	la pizza	la pizza	
Rice	le riz		el arroz
Chicken	le poulet		el pollo
Fish	le poisson		el pescado
Meat	la viande		la carne
Soup	la soupe		la sopa
Yog(h)urt	le yaourt		el yogur
Cake	le gâteau		la torta
Fruit	le fruit		la fruta
Apple	la pomme		la manzana
Grape	les raisins (m)		las uvas
Mango	la mangue		el mango
Banana	la banane		la banana / el plátano
Pineapple	l'ananas (m)		la piña
Plums	les prunes (f)		las ciruelas
Ackee	la quénette		el mamón
Orange	l'orange (f)		la naranja
Classroom objects			
Backpack	un sac à dos		una mochila
Book	un livre	un libro	
Sharpener	un taille-crayon	un saca	
Window	une fenêtre		una ventana
Door	une porte		una puerta
Desk	un pupitre		un pupitre 
Chair	une chaise		una silla

Pencil Ruler Blackboard Clock Crayon un crayon une règle un tableau (noir) une pendule un crayon de couleur un lápiz una regla una pizarra un reloj

un crayón / un creyón

### **APPENDIX V**

## **HOW TO MAKE PLAY DOUGH**

Source: Leimaycherry via BESTRECIPES.com.au

No cook play dough recipe (1 recipe)

## Ingredients

2 cups plain flour
I cup salt
1 tablespoon cooking oil
½ -1 cup cold water
2 drops food colouring

### Method

- 1. Combine plain flour and salt.
- 2. Add water, food colouring and oil. Mix until ingredients are combined.
- 3. Knead well.
- 4. If consistency is too wet, add a little plain flour.

Repeat process if you want more Play dough.

# APPENDIX VI SITOGRAPHY OF MODERN LANGUAGE RESOURCES

## FRENCH RESOURCES

<u>Topic</u>	Internet Link
Varia	www.youtube.com
Printable French Flashcards (free)	http://quizlet.com/subject/french/
French pronunciation (free)	http://www.bonjour.com/
French teaching resources (free)	http://www.abcteach.com/directory/languages/french/
Printable Flashcards (varia)	www.sunderlandschools.org/mfl-sunderland/resources-pr-fr-ks1.htm
Cartoons in French	http://www.tivi5mondeplus.com/
French Games	http://www.tv5.org/TV5Site/tivi5/jeux.php
French numbers 0 -100 www.	youtube.com/watch?v=41XBbC7zWPI&feature=related
BBC Primary French	www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primaryfrench/parents/mfl_html.shtml
	http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primarylanguages/french/
	www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primaryfrench/hello/cartoon_flash.shtml
Primary Resources (varia)	www.primaryresources.co.uk/mfl/mfl_french.htm
Teaching ideas	www.teachingideas.co.uk/foreignlanguage/contents.htm
French 101 Level 1	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zzpLLUrEwMM
French 101 Level 2	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LF5JwkJZh-Y
French 101 Level 3	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rzwsS8weVMw
La poésie pour enfants:	http://www.takatrouver.net/poesie/index.php

Modern Foreign Language Resources www.mflresources.org.uk/#other

## Teaching French with Tivi5

http://www.tv5.org/cms/chaine-francophone/enseigner-apprendre-francais/FLE/WebTV-apprendre-etenseigner-avec-TV5MONDE/p-15875-Enseigner-le-francais-langue-precoce-avec-TiVi5monde-.htm

## Beginner's French with voice

 $http://www.babbel.com/go/\_learn\_french?l2=FRA\&network=GoogleAdWordsSearch\&keyword=french\%20worksheet\&placement=\&campaignname=AS-placement=\&campaignname=AS$ 

ENGFRAremix&gclid=CNDKqfGc4rACFQOFnQodi1ctow&locale=en

#### SPANISH RESOURCES

# <u>Topic</u> <u>Internet Link</u>

Varia www.youtube.com

Printable Spanish Flashcards (free) http://www.spanishkidstuff.com/flashcards.html
Printable Spanish Worksheet (free) http://www.spanishkidstuff.com/worksheets.html
Printable Spanish Craft Sheets (free) http://www.spanishkidstuff.com/craftsheets.html

Christmas Vocabulary http://www.lingolex.com/christmas.htm Human Body http://www.lingolex.com/bodyen.htm

Spanish Vocabulary www.studyspanish.com

Spanish Teaching Resources (free) http://www.abcteach.com/directory/languages/spanish/

Spanish Stories (free) http://www.storyplace.org/sp/preschool/activities/petsonact.asp

http://www.storyplace.org/sp/storyplace.asp

Printable Flashcards (varia) www.sunderlandschools.org/mfl-sunderland/resources-pr-fr-ks1.htm

BBC Primary Spanish http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primaryspanish/

http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primarylanguages/spanish/

Primary Resources (varia) www,primaryresources.co.uk/mfl/mfl spanish.htm

Teaching ideas www.teachingideas.co.uk/foreignlanguage/contents.htm

Spanish 101 Level 1: www.youtube.com/watch?v=GkXQkVNrBUE&feature=relmfu

Spanish 101 Level 2: www.youtube.com/watch?v=ATC9z8nuh4A&feature=relmfu

Spanish 101 Level 3: www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULSNwhUxoXI&feature=relmfu

Joseembon Channel: http://www.youtube.com/user/jorgeembon?feature=watch

Poesía para niños http://panamapoesia.com/pt26ninoso2.htm

Modern Foreign Language Resources: www.mflresources.org.uk/#other

# APPENDIX VII SITOGRAPHY OF SUGGESTED SONGS FOR DIDACTIC PURPOSES

#### **FRENCH**

Le vieux MacDonald: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IB8aWKU25UU

Le fermier dans son pré: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l2UXqfi7Rqg&feature=relmfu
La chanson de l'alphabet: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UWo3l85HLfM&feature=related
Les parties du corps: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bChrAwLzoSo&feature=related
Les jours de la semaine: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=noo1\_wUGsIU&feature=related
Savez-vous planter les choux: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iAGV2pcLaAg&feature=relmfu

Tête, épaule, genoux, orteil: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SsffoeJXE9g

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v= KmvK2CaoTk&feature=related

Les chiffres et numéros de 1 à 20 :

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UsEz58BbIMY&feature=related

French Greeting song:

http://www.youtube.com/watch?src\_vid=9OftGclvguA&annotation\_id=annotation\_769958&feature=iv&v=G5U3WSPOAAM

#### **SPANISH**

El Viejo MacDonald: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DsvWPCUQ5gY

En la granja de mi tío: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MNA56nXD2Ac&feature=fvsr

El granjero en el valle: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o6hQCnfDxug

Los días y el tiempo: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GFYtTKAdfNU&feature=related

Greetings in Spanish: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6gCmn3UGB78

Introductions Spanish: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k8vSKZI7Nd8&feature=relmfu

Age in Spanish: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JfpFDOS34yU&feature=relmfu

Cabeza, hombre, rodilla y pie: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qMaJ1\_eZDos&feature=relmfu

# APPENDIX VII SAMPLE TONGUE TWISTERS IN FRENCH & SPANISH

## **Virelangues**

\*Henri habite à Hautefort avec ses huit hamsters.

(Source: Équipe 1)

- \*Qui sont ces six singes suisses?
- \*Douze douches douces.
- \*Un chasseur sachant chasser sans son chien est un bon chasseur.
- \*Sachez, mon cher Sasha, que Natasha n'attacha pas son chat!
- \*Lulu lit la lettre lue à Lili et Lola alla à Lille où Lala lie le lilas.
- \*Les chaussettes de l'archiduchesse sont-elles sèches ? Archisèches!

(Source: http://www.tv5.org/cms/chaine-francophone/p-21338-

Recherche.htm?q=virelangue&site=default\_collection&client=tv5monde\_front&output=xml\_no\_dtd&proxystylesheet=tv5monde\_front&getfields=\* &oe=UTF-8&ie=UTF-8&entsp=a&ud=1&searchsubmit=)

### **Trabalenguas**

- \*A E I O U árbolito del Perú.
- \*Como poco coco como, poco coco compro.

(Source: Viva Book 1)

- \*Mi mamá me mima, y yo mimo a mi mamá.
- \*Tres tristes tigres tragaban trigo en un trigal.
- \*Pancha plancha con cuatro planchas. ¿Con cuántas planchas Pancha plancha?

(Source: http://pacomova.eresmas.net/paginas/trabalenguas1.htm)

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< http://spanish.about.com/od/spanishvocabulary/a/animalsounds.htm>

Graciet, Céline. "Animal Noises". Naked Translations: 24 September 2004. 25<sup>th</sup> Mar. 2012: < http://www.nakedtranslations.com/en/2004/animal-noises>

"No Cook Play Dough." Leimaycherry. Best Recipes.com.au. 2008. 30<sup>th</sup> Jul. 2013 < http://www.bestrecipes.com.au/recipe/no-cook-play-dough-L2119.html>

Saffi, Sophie. "Chants et cris des animaux : corpus d'onomatopées et de verbes français et italiens". Italies, 2008. 21<sup>st</sup> June 2012: < italies.revues.org/1240>

Wikilengua del español. "Lista de voces de animales". Wikilengua. 21<sup>st</sup> Jun. 2012: < http://www.wikilengua.org/index.php/Lista\_de\_onomatopeyas\_animales>